

Crittenden Record-Press

No. 8.

Marion, Crittenden County Kentucky, Thursday Morning, Aug. 24, 1916.

Vol. XXXIX

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Sept. 4th, Very Large Enrollment Expected; Teachers of Agriculture For High School

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The announcement of the opening of the session of 1916-1917 should be greeted with keener interest and expectation than former ones. At the beginning of last session we stated that the time was ripe for a new development and a forward step is our High School. We needed scientific equipment. The Board of Trustees quite liberally appropriated \$150.00 for its purchase. However, we needed more and purchased about \$450.00 worth of equipment, and have been paying for it by giving entertainments etc. There is some due yet on this and we are going to continue to depend on your liberality to help us meet these obligations.

The High School enrollment was so large that our quarters and teaching force were not adequate to our needs. An agitation was started which resulted in our voting a \$10,000.00 bond issue for the erection of a new high school building and in the election of an additional teacher. Our building proposition is only begun. We must think together, stand together and work together unceasingly, untiringly, intelligently, unselfishly and public-spiritedly for the satisfactory and successful completion of the project which means so much for better schools in Marion and Crittenden county. Our boys and girls deserve the best; let us see to it that they get it.

The additional teacher will enable us to make the High School better meet the needs of our town and county. We have always believed that better and more scientific methods of farming would aid very much the development of the industrial, financial and commercial interests of the town and county, and have wished that the High School might contribute more to this end. But heretofore the High School has been unable to do this on account of a lack of equipment and teachers. Now with your help and co-operation we shall be able to offer two or three special courses in Agriculture. We hope every graduate of the common schools of the county will read this and make renewed efforts to attend High School this season. These young people a few years hence will be progressive citizens of this county. They should be making prepara-

tion for greater usefulness. Mr. Jas. Homer Moore who last spring graduated at the University of Kentucky in the four year Agriculture course of that institution will teach the courses in Agriculture. He is well equipped for such work.

Are not these considerations enough to justify the statement that we should look forward to the work of this session with keener interest and expectation? Let us boost our Schools and make them the best in our section of the state.

We wish to urge every parent and guardian to see to it that their children start on the first day and that they attend regularly. Progress in school work is impossible without regular attendance.

Please remember the day, the hour and the place, and be present to help us start the best school session in Marion's history.

V. L. CHRISTIAN,
Superintendent.

In Society.

On last Thursday evening Aug. 17th, Misses Myrtle Glass and Miriam Pierce entertained the visitors of town, by giving a party at Miss Pierce's suburban home.

The porch was beautifully decorated with japlanters. There were fifty guests present, those were: Anna Lucy Carter, Montgomery Ala., Raymond Moss, Maggie Walker, Walter Wheeler, Jewell Rankin, Jake Mayes, Janie Ray McConnell, Billie Joe Foster, Irene Morelock, Iva Biggam, Iva Asher, Homer McConnell, Nonie Belle Williams, James Howerton, Virginia Flanary, Billie Moore, Evelyn Wofford, Frankfort Abe Moore, Elizabeth Rochester, Hobart Travis, Nona Belle Berry, Hopkinsville; Raymond Minner, Lucile Pope, Blanton Wiggins, Gladys Hardy, Newton Moore, Julia Cook, of Paducah; Ted Boston, Florine Harrod, Floyd Wheeler, Vivian Kelly, of Paducah; Marion McConnell, Lillie Dunn, Isam Morse, Mildred Summerville, Geneva Daniels, Lelia Pogue, Vera Conyer, A. Cooper, of Morganfield; Zula Cannan, Will O. Daniel, of Waverly, Ky., Cleo Eaton, Frank Newcom, Dora Claire, of Houston, Tex., Jesse Olive, Elizabeth Cook, Gleaford Rankin, Katherine Reed and Ellis Boaz.

Delightful refreshments of pink ice cream with white iced cake, and white ice cream with pink iced cake were served. At a late hour the guests departed having enjoyed themselves to the fullest extent.

To Delinquent Light Patrons

Some parties are in arrears on their electric light bills. Each one is small but in the aggregate they amount to a considerable sum.

We need the money to get in a supply of coal in anticipation of the big R. R. strike about which we see so much in the daily papers.

We can not afford to carry over these light bills. Our rates are so low to permit of any losses from delinquents or bad debts. Please call and get your receipts if you wish to continue using the lights after Sept. 1st.

—Marion Electric Light & Ice Co.

For Practical Purposes.

"So you prefer a political boss in charge of municipal affairs to city commissioners?" "Yes," replied the old-fashioned politician. "It stands to reason that it is much easier to bring one man around to your way of thinking than it is to convert five or six."

HORRIBLE DETAILS ARE GIVEN OF DEPORTING FRENCH CITIZENS

Paris, Aug. 2.—Poignant details of the deportation at an hour and a half's notice of 25,000 citizens from the French towns of Lille, Roubaix and Tourcoing by the Germans last Easter are given in a French yellow book released for publication today.

The German orders were for the people in certain districts in these towns to assemble in readiness for departure at the front doors, which were to be left open and none were to leave the house before 8 a. m. The orders stated that "all protests would be useless, and anyone trying to evade deportation will be pitilessly punished."

The victims in all cases were chosen arbitrarily by the officer in charge of the deporting party. Each party singled out for deportation was allowed sixty pounds of baggage, which it was recommended should consist of utensils for eating and drinking, a blanket, good shoes and personal linen. If anyone exceeds this weight his or her baggage was to be thrown aside. Each bundle was to be made up separately for one person and supplied with a tag showing the address, name and number identity card. When at their destination the deported persons were allowed to write to their relatives once a month.

ANGUISH AND DESPAIR

The yellow book continues:

"The measure caused the greatest anguish and despair among the population of the notified districts, while in some cases it led to madness. Many persons be-

came so ill they had to take to their beds.

GENERAL TORTURE

"Parents, especially, suffered torture at seeing their wives, daughters and children of both sexes over the age of fourteen led away or packed into street cars promiscuously with bad characters of all sorts, male and female, not knowing what was to be their destination or fate. The anguish was renewed night after night during the ten days of Easter.

"The protests of mayors and other officials went unheeded. A bishop who intervened personally was told by a general: 'You, bishop, shut up and be off.'

"At the beginning of the deportation some girls of the aristocracy were seized, but they were soon released, as were also the daughters of those in the houses where German officers were billeted.

"At Roubaix the Prussian guard refused to participate in the raids and the work had to be done by the Sixty-fourth regiment from Verdun. Some of the soldiers engaged in the deportation were seen to shed tears.

"A large proportion of the young women taken belonged to the servant class, several of whom volunteered to go in place of their employer's daughters. On the other hand, many young women of the better classes, wanted to accompany the servant girls of their families. When those deported were conveyed to the railway station and loaded into the cattle trucks they kept crying: 'Vive la France' and singing 'The Marseillaise.'"

To The Overseers of Public Roads in Crittenden Co.

As a matter of advice to all overseers, I would suggest that you look well to the drainage of your roads first, avoid making hog backs across your roads but make and maintain good and sufficient side drainage. Open up and keep open all side ditches. Keep your roads as smooth and level on the surface as possible. The roads thus maintained will

by use become compact, hard and smooth. Hoping that all will heed and profit by this suggestion, I am most respectfully your obedient servant, John G. Asher, Co. Judge.

Great Family Reunion at Chas Padon's Hospitable Home.

At the beautiful home of Chas. Padon Esq.—the old Henry Woods place near Salem—a great family reunion of Jacob Green's

heirs was held last Sunday, August 20th, at which time Mr. Padon and his charming family entertained in their own hospitable Kentucky way many descendants and relatives of this grand old man whom many of us remember. Among those present were the following:

Cam Champion and his wife, of Hampton; Mrs. Nellie Dorroh, son and daughter, of Caruthersville, Mo.; Harry Green and family, of Smithland; George Green, of Clarksville, Tenn.; Jno. Green, of Livingston county; Frank Brown, of Paducah; grandson and John Spotwood Gilliam Green, of Marion, a brother of Jacob Green.

Some of the guests arrived Saturday night and the others came in Sunday morning bringing well filled baskets. When the dinner was spread, it was a sight not soon to be forgotten, a spread fit for the gods. Everybody was happy, and who wouldn't have been, with abundance of everything good to eat and a bevy of pretty girls to wait on you. The day is one long to be remembered, and everyone there voted to make it an annual affair.

IN SOCIETY

Miss Susie Boston was hostess to a six o'clock dinner Thursday in honor of her house party, Misses Mary Ellen Baldwin, of Alabama; Pitts, of Mississippi; and Mr. Frank Heberich, of Tennessee. Other guests were Messrs. Virgil Threlkeld, Robt. Jenkins and Douglas Clement.

In honor of the visiting ladies Miss Gwendolene Haynes was hostess last Wednesday morning to one of her charming bridge parties. Six tables of guests were served a delicious two course luncheon at the conclusion of the game.

The honor guests were: Misses Mary Ellen Baldwin, of Alabama, Nell Dulin of Madisonville and Ellen Rutter of Paducah and Mrs. Henry Haynes of Oklahoma.

Complimenting her house party Miss Susie Boston entertained at bridge last Friday morning.

In honor of Miss Boston's house party, Miss Eva Clement gave a delightful morning bridge party last Saturday. The visitors were: Misses Dulin of Madisonville, Pitts of Miss., Baldwin of Ala., Rutter of Paducah and Mrs. Henry Haynes of Okla.

Miss Nannie Rochester entertained at bridge Thursday morning complimenting Miss Boston's visitors, Miss Baldwin of Ala., and Mr. Frank Heberich of Tenn., and her visitors, Miss Rutter of Paducah and Mrs. N. G. Rochester of Louisville. Six tables of guests enjoyed Miss Rochester's hospitality. The visitors beside the honor guests were Miss Dulin of Madisonville and Mrs. Henry Haynes of Okla.

Mrs. Henry Haynes of Okla., who has been extensively entertained during her visit to Marion was given a farewell bridge party last Friday afternoon by her sister, Miss Maymie Haynes. Six tables of guests were present.

Just One Man.
When a girl is passing through her first love affair she honestly believes there is only one man in the world worth while.

MARION MAN AGAIN IN THE LIMELIGHT

Plans Made For The Ceremony at
Shadow Lawn, Long Branch,
N. J. Sept. 2.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Senator Ollie M. James, permanent chairman of the democratic national convention, who will make the speech at Shadow Lawn, Long Branch, N. J., on Sept. 2, notifying the President of his nomination, yesterday issued a call to members of the notification committee to meet him at the Hotel Knickerbocker, New York, at 8 o'clock in the morning of that day. The committee will depart for the President's summer home in a special car attached to the regular train leaving New York at 10 a. m. Three hours later the President will give a luncheon to the committee at Shadow Lawn and the notification ceremony will take place at 4 p. m. Senator James put the finishing touches on his notification speech yesterday. It is about 1,000 words long and these who have read it say it is "a masterpiece."

The President's speech of acceptance is said to be within 4,000 words.

The understanding here is that President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson will leave Washington for the summer capital a few days before the notification exercises are held. On the morning of Sept. 3, the day following the notification, President Wilson will leave Long Branch for Hodgenville, where on Labor Day he will deliver the address at the Lincoln Memorial farm. His private car will be attached to the special train that will leave there at 10 a. m., on that date for Kentucky. It is not certain at this time that Mrs. Wilson will accompany the President to Hodgenville. Following the notification at Shadow Lawn, Senator James will go directly to Maine, where he will spend the closing week of the campaign delivering speeches.

To Whom It May Concern.

Miss Evelyn Clement attended the Bowling Green business University several months during the winter and spring of this year and it was my pleasure to have her in some of my classes.

She was easily one of the most capable of my students efficient both in the technical and general education. There is no question about her thorough knowledge of the principles of Gregg shorthand. She makes excellent forms, knows every detail of the technique of shorthand and of Typewriting, and has energy and personality enough to teach these subjects effectively.

Respectively,

J. L. HARMAN.

Vice Pres.

Wonderful Apples.

Wonderful apples! From Yakima Valleys. Nothey're from Walnut View fruit farm.

We have had them in our window for several days and they elicited much sincere praise and caused the people to sit up and take notice and ask questions. Any one can raise that kind in old Crittenden if they'll just do it.

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Respectively,


J. L. HARMAN.

Vice Pres.

Wonderful Apples.

Wonderful apples! From Yakima Valleys. No they're from Walnut View fruit farm.

We have had them in our window for several days and they elicited much sincere praise and caused the people to sit up and take notice and ask questions. Anyone can raise that kind in old Crittenden if they'll just do it.



WHEN more than half the motorists—men and women—in the United States are driving Ford cars, there is some reason other than low price. The Ford is a better car for less money.

Over a million and half Ford owners know this by experience. If you are contemplating the purchase of an automobile ask some Ford-owner friend what he thinks of his car and the service it renders—then we are sure you'll buy a Ford.

We are taking orders now for cars we will receive about Sept. 1st.

G. W. ABELL,
MARION, KENTUCKY.

BAN OF TOBACCO SHIPMENTS RAISED

To Germany and Austria Through
Netherlands Overseas

Washington, D. C. Aug. 20.—Great Britain again has lifted her ban on shipments of American tobacco to Germany and Austria through the Netherlands Overseas trust. Senator Martin, of Virginia, was notified by Acting Secretary of state Polk that he had a cablegram from the American embassy at London saying that Great Britain will not interfere with shipments of American tobacco to the central powers through the Netherlands which are necessary to complete unfilled contracts. This action opens the way for further discussion of Great Britain's permanent action in blacklisting tobacco shipments from America to Germany.

Great Britain's modification of her order is a boon to Kentucky tobacco growers, who have several million dollars in order contracts with German and Austrian firms. The protest against the blacklist was made by Representative Alben W. Barkley and Senator Martin, North Carolina, Virginia and Tennessee Senators and Congressmen aided Kentucky in the fight.

ELECTRIC HEATING DEVICES.

THE perfection of the American Beauty Rose is expressed in the high quality of the "American Beauty" Electric Heating Devices, in so far as man can approach Nature's perfect workmanship.

The Devices of the "American" Brand can be attached to the ordinary electric lamp socket and are instantly ready to give service. They make many household duties pleasant, easy and inexpensive.

Insist on getting "American" Electric Heating Devices, and you will be sure of the most complete and satisfactory service.

Write us for catalog and price list. Sent free on request.

THE JAMES CLARK JR.,
ELECTRIC COMPANY,
Louisville, - - - Kentucky

Denmark May Take Vote On The West Indies Deal.

Copenhagen, Aug. 22.—The final decision upon the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States may be postponed nearly a month if the proposal of Radical and Socialist members of the Folkething for a vote of the people upon the measure is adopted Monday, as seems probable.

C. S. NUNN
Attorney at Law

MARION, KENTUCKY
Post Office Building.

Half a Million Rabbits.

Five hundred thousand rabbits which will supply food for the allies' armies, composed a part of the cargo of the British steamer Cumberland which arrived in Norfolk, Va., from Wellington, New Zealand, to coal. The ship was en route to Liverpool.—New York World.

Stuck on the Job.
"The great trouble nowadays," began the curbstone philosopher, "is that no man is satisfied with his job." "My job suits me," interrupted the chimney-sweep. "And I'm stuck on mine," yelled the tar-spreader from the adjoining roof. Whereupon the orator turned his theme from economics to preparedness.—Puck.

Now Well

"Thedford's Black-Draught is the best all-round medicine I ever used," writes J. A. Steelman, of Pattonville, Texas.

"I suffered terribly with liver troubles, and could get no relief.

The doctors said I had consumption. I could not work at all. Finally I tried

THE DRAUGHT

and to my surprise, I got better, and am to-day as well as any man." Thedford's Black-Draught is a general, cathartic, vegetable liver medicine, that has been regulating irregularities of the liver, stomach and bowels, for over 70 years. Get a package today. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. E-70

TURKS WORK TO WIPE OUT OTHER RACES

Washington Interprets Refusal to
Permit American Relief as
Step in Process.

Washington, Aug. 16.—A reiterated refusal on the part of the Turkish government to permit American relief supplies to enter Syria, cabled today to the state department, coupled with yesterday's dispatch announcing abolition of the Armenian patriarchy in Turkey and the recent execution of money-lending Arabs in connection with the Mecca revolt is interpreted in official circles here as indicating that vigorous steps are being taken in the attempt to consolidate the Turkish regime through the weakening of the several other racial elements in the country.

Abolition of the patriarchy which had both religious and administrative powers over the Armenians is regarded as designed to break down Armenian power and place all positions in the hands of the Turks.

Before the war there were 1,750,000 Armenians in Turkey, but 750,000 are reported since to have been killed and 250,000 to have fled. As a result of Armenian power in Turkey is thought to have been entirely dissipated.

Officials here believe the executions of Arabs at the time of the Mecca revolt indicate further systematic campaigns in favor of the Turks and against other races.

What's the Answer?

Fifty years ago two-thirds of all Americans lived on farms. Today but one-third lives in the country. How do you explain it when every year life on the farm grows easier and every year it becomes harder in the city?

BRITISH OUTNUMBER GERMANS SIX TO ONE

Death Lurks Everywhere on the
Somme. But Teutons are De-
termined to Hold Out.

German Trenches Opposite the British Position at Gommecourt, and the Somme Front, Monday, Aug. 14.—(Via Berlin and Sayre, wireless, Aug. 16.) Half a million British have been engaged in an effort to break the German lines on the Somme front. Often as in the fighting between Gommecourt and Hebutorn, the British outnumbered the Germans six to one. They have gained ground to a depth of three to five miles over a front of 18 miles but nowhere have been able to break through.

More than ever, death has become a commonplace in this most murderous battle of all times. The Germans in the first line now that they probably will be killed is their positions are attacked. Trenches are virtually useless, for the heavy British shells widen them into broad channels, affording no cover of any sort. The first line usually perishes.

The advancing British foot troops are no better off, because the Germans reverse the process when part of their positions have been captured. After the British artillery had levelled the German trenches the infantry rushes in, often to be thrown out again as soon as the British artillery ceases fire, which it has to do, owing to the proximity of the opposing lines.

The correspondent visited the entire front of the present offensive, and everywhere found from talks with Germans that they were more determined than ever to stand their ground. The men are in capital shape physically, and easy of mind although they are looking upon death at each instant.

There is no safety anywhere in the zone behind the front. What the artillery does not reach is exposed constantly to the bombs of the aviators. While the correspondent was at Bugy eight civilians were killed; eighteen others were wounded, of whom four died in the German hospital the same day. At Cambrai four persons were killed and two were wounded on the same night. A French civilian pointed out that while the Germans have bomb proofs in which to seek refuge, the civilians have only cellars. He begged that this be brought to the attention of the British authorities.

MUSTANG
For Sprains, Lameness,
Sores, Cuts, Rheumatism
Penetrates and Heals.
Stops Pain At Once
For Man and Beast
25c. 50c. \$1. At All Dealers.
LINIMENT

United States Battleship New Hampshire

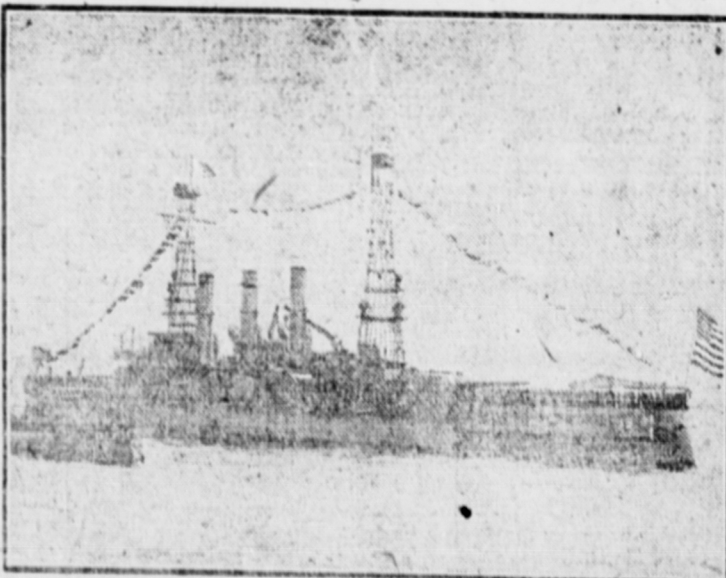


Photo by American Press Association.
The New Hampshire is a 10,000-ton warship, 456.3 feet long. She carries four twelve-inch guns, and her crew consists of 850 officers and men.

Value of Monroe Doctrine

How It Acts as Substitute for Large Standing
Army in Preventing Possible Menace
to United States.

By HENRY A. WISE WOOD
Chairman Conference Committee on National Preparedness

It is a curious phenomenon that, despite the great national necessities out of which the Monroe Doctrine sprang and the persistence with which throughout a long period it has remained with us a fixed article of faith, its practical worth as a national safeguard is little understood. Unfortunately this ignorance of the subject and its disregard are not confined to the man in the street or the man on the farm, but is almost as prevalent among our educated classes. This may be accounted for by the rarity and unimportance of the international crises which have come to America during the life of the present generation, because of which there has been small need of our giving any attention to matters affecting our safety.

As this state of mind may more easily be illustrated than described, I shall quote from a conversation concerning our national defenses held recently with a leading lawyer of New England, which is sufficiently illuminative to clear up existing doubts of the wisdom of our preserving the Monroe Doctrine as a national policy:

"In the event of the flagrant violation of the Monroe Doctrine by a strong European power, what steps," I asked, "do you hold we should take?"

"None," he replied. "I do not believe in the Monroe Doctrine, and think the American people tired of it. We have responsibilities enough at home without going abroad for others. We should be content to live within our own four walls. All that we require is that we be left alone to attend to our own affairs."

"Do you mean this literally?" I asked.

"I do; why should we bother with the affairs of our neighbors? It isn't our job to protect them; let them take care of themselves."

"Do you include all of our neighbors; Mexico, among the rest?"

"I do; that country is a nuisance. What business is it of ours who rules it, so long as it behaves itself?"

"You would have no objection, then, to the occupation of Mexico by a European power, with, say, a million troops?"

"Well, I shouldn't like that."

"Do you, then, wish to withdraw your objection to the application of the Monroe Doctrine to Mexico?"

"Yes, I think in the case of Mexico the Doctrine is necessary; but I should let its application end with Mexico."

"How about the countries to the south of Mexico; between Mexico and the canal?"

"Blank the canal; I wish we hadn't built it. It will get us into a lot of trouble before we're through."

"Yes, but we have built it, and we've agreed to keep it an open, neutral seaway for all users, and for that purpose have constituted ourselves its armed police. Now, are you willing that the army of occupation which you would not permit in Mexico should be allowed to establish itself between Mexico and the canal?"

Must Be Secure as Far as Canal Zone.

"No, I shouldn't say that. We must be secure as far as the Canal Zone, at any rate."

"Then, you believe the Monroe Doctrine should cover the territory between ourselves and the canal?"

"Yes."

"Well, where, exactly, would you now draw the line?"

"At the far edge of the Canal Zone; there it should stop."

"What, then, would you advise our doing if an ambitious European power should line up its army but ten miles beyond the canal, within heavy-gun range of its prism and works? Wouldn't it seem necessary in that case that we have in the zone an equal army of our own?"

"Well, we've fortified the canal."

"Yes, against ship fire at its approaches, but not at all against an investing army. Nor is the protective area at either side sufficiently wide to prevent the dropping of heavy shells into the canal from outside."

"That, of course, couldn't be prevented; I admit that we must protect the canal at all hazards, and as far south as necessary."

"Then, I take it, you would wish to maintain the Monroe Doctrine down to a line sufficiently remote to assure the canal against an invading army. Just where, in Central or South America, would you place that line, in view of the celerity of present-day military travel and transport?"

"I can't say precisely."

"Well, suppose it be drawn across Brazil, for instance, and we assent to the occupation of the territory beyond it. How should we insure the inviolability of the territory on this side of the line—by a stationed army of our own?"

Could Not Maintain Military Force in Brazil.

"We couldn't maintain a military force in Brazil, of course, but Brazil could invite us in case of trouble."

"Now, isn't it likely that should we permit the occupation of any South or Central American territory it would soon become the thoroughly equipped base of an army sufficient in equipment and numbers to threaten our own peace and security?"

"Yes; we should undoubtedly have to arm against it."

"Well, doesn't it follow that in order to prevent the very militarization of our country to which we are all opposed—the maintenance of a standing army of European dimensions, which from the beginning has been contrary to our policy—it is essential that we forbid and maintain sufficient sea forces to prevent, if necessary, the acquisition by a foreign military power of any new territory whatever in this hemisphere?"

"Oh, I see; your contention is that the maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine by means of a powerful navy will rid us of the need of a huge standing army of our own?"

"Exactly; given a sufficient navy, the Monroe Doctrine itself is a more certain barrier against invasion than without it any army could possibly be."

"Well, I hadn't before looked at the doctrine as a substitute for an army."

"But isn't it a sufficient substitute? Aren't we safer having the doctrine and a navy capable of enforcing it, than we should be with even a greater navy and a large standing army, and South and Central America open to foreign aggression?"

"Of course, in that light, I am in favor of the doctrine, but, I confess, I hadn't given the subject enough consideration really to understand it."



DESTRUCTION OF AUSTRIA

The capture of Gorizia by the Italians is the handwriting on the wall for Austria. The dual monarchy has been "weighed in the balance and found wanting." Franz Josef's kingdom, like Belshazzar's, seems destined to be divided, and that soon.

Italy, after long delay and incredible effort, has accomplished the hardest part of the task she set for herself. In the present advance on Trieste, Gen. Cadorna will have fewer natural barriers to surmount, and will presumably meet with a weaker human defense. The whole Italian peninsula exposed to his victorious progress, including Pola, Austria's great naval base and only good harbor. And with Pola, it goes, will go the Austrian fleet.

Where are the troops to stop the Italians, now flushed with victory and with enormous superiority of men and munitions? Austria has not half enough to hold the Russians. Her thin line on the eastern front, consisting mainly of young boys and old men, is falling back steadily and breaking in half a dozen places at once. Apparently the country's reserves are exhausted. And Germany with British, Russians and French dealing her such staggering blows on every front, can send no aid. There is Bulgaria. But Bulgaria's army is checkmated by the British-French-Serbian force held at Salonica, and by the fear of Roumania's intervention on the allies' side so that she doesn't dare to go to Austria's aid. And the Turks are too busy at home to spare many men, even if they could be transported readily and safely.

It may be taken as the judgment of heaven, or merely as the first great fruits of the allies' new strategy, according to the way you look at it. At any rate the nation, which is almost universally credited with the evil distinction of having started the war, for the sake of her own territorial aggrandizement is after two years of exhaustive effort reduced to impotence, with an appalling debt, and with nearly the whole of her manhood killed, disabled or captured. Her weak human walls are yielding everywhere to the invading deluge of enemies. Her territory is overrun, her government is threatened with collapse the reigning family seems doomed. And in her tragic hour she has hardly a friend in the outer world to speak a good word for her.

Whose fault is it that brings this great punishment? The fault of the Austrian people, of the Hungarian people, of the Bohemian people, or any of the obedient subjects who are dying like flies in the hopeless struggle? Only in so far as they have tamely submitted to the sort of government they have had. And if that government is swept away in the great debacle, and the various racial elements that make up the present empire attain political and social freedom, their sacrifice will not have been wholly in vain.

ATexas Wonder

THE Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for testimonials from this and other States. Dr. L. W. Hall, 2526 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Adv.

Her Waking Up.

"My dear, I am going to get a new spring hat I saw down town marked only \$10. It is a dream." "Go along, darling. I've set the alarm clock."

Slip a few Prince Albert smokes into your system!

You've heard many an earful about the Prince Albert patented process that *cuts out* bite and parch and lets you smoke your fill without a comeback! Stake your bank roll that it proves out every hour of the day. Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

There's sport smoking a pipe or rolling your own, but you know that you've got to have the right tobacco! We tell you Prince Albert will bang the doors wide open for you to come in on a good time firing up every little so often, without a

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

regret! You'll feel like your smoke past has been wasted and will be sorry you cannot back up for a fresh start.

You swing on this say-so like it was a tip to a thousand-dollar bill! It's worth that in happiness and contentment to you, to every man who knows what can be gotten out of a chummy jimmy pipe or a makin's cigarette with Prince Albert for "packing"!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

This is the reverse
side of the tin

THE Prince Albert tin, and in fact, every Prince Albert package, has a real message to you on its reverse side. You'll read— "Process Patented July 30th, 1907." That means that the United States Government has granted a patent on the process by which Prince Albert is made. And by which tongue bite and throat parch are cut out! Everywhere tobacco is sold you'll find Prince Albert awaiting you in tippy red bags, 5c; tippy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tins, humbly and in that clever crystal-glass humidor, with sponge-moistener top, that keeps the tobacco in such fine condition—always!



Neighborly Love in The Automobile

I'd love my neighbor better far
And would not feel inclined to shoot
If when he's speeding in his car,
He would not splash my ice cream suit.
—Yonkstown Telegram.

I'd love my neighbor better far
And him I surely would not scorn,
If, when he rides out in his car,
He'd stick a muffler on his horn.
—Plainville Telegraph.

I'd love my neighbor better far
If he would not my peace disturb,
When driving by me in his car,
By forcing me to climb the curb.
—Glenville Times.

I'd love my neighbor better far
And pleasant rides would never lack,
If, when we go out in his car,
We didn't have to haul it back.
—Birmingham Age-Herald.

I'd love my neighbor better far
Than any of you knocking guys,
If, it were that I owned the car,
And he the one to criticize.
—Springfield Union.

I'd love my neighbor better far
To him I'd gladly tip my hat,
If, when he scoots off in his car,
He'd hit another neighbor's cat.
—Macom Telegraph.

I'd love my neighbor better far,
My feeling held not ruffle,
If he'd get a muffler for his car
And let that muffler ruffle.
—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

I'd love my neighbor better far
And would not be poised to wait
If, when he ruses me in his car,
He would not imitate a snail.
—Paducah Sun.

FEEL LIKE GIVING UP?

Many Marion People On The Verge of Collapse.

A bad back makes you miserable all the time—
Lame every morning; sore all day.
It hurts to stoop—it hurts to straighten.
What with headache, dizzy spells, urinary weakness.
No wonder people are discouraged.
Who do not know the kidneys may be the cause of it all.
Give the weakened kidneys needful help.
Use a tested and proven kidney remedy.
None so real like Doan's Kidney Pills.
Mrs. E. Semon, 1027 S. Third St., Paducah, Ky., says: "I had been suffering considerably for about a year from a weak and aching back and pains across my kidneys. It was hard for me to bend over and I simply couldn't do any lifting. I knew that the trouble came from disordered kidneys and I decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They soon relieved me. The pains gradually ceased and my back grew strong."
Price 10 cents at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Semon had. Foster-McMillan Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Clay Industry Promises To Boon Marshall County.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 23—Prospects are that the clay industry in Marshall county, Ky., will equal that of any other section of the United States in the next few years, as another valuable clay deposit has just been found in that country by J. A. Torain, of Paducah, and A. J. Story, of Marshall county. Experts have said that the new mine has wonderful possibilities. The clay is the ball variety. Minerals were also found and assayed at Washington, D. C., the report being that they contained 20 percent copper, 10 percent silver and traces of gold. The new mine is located one mile from the railroad and the clay is from nine to twelve feet in depth.

Corn Wanted

We will pay 80cts for white shucked, clean, sound corn delivered at our mill.
Baker & Mayes.

Self-Exposed.

Mr. Hughes's speech of acceptance demonstrates very clearly one conspicuous fact:
If Charles E. Hughes is elected president he will not be elected by Charles E. Hughes.
The pitiful, weak speech by which he has at last broken his silence shows to the world that he is not the man the public had conceived him to be; not the man the Republicans thought they were putting up to win the election. That speech has shattered an ideal which the country had built about the obscure lawyer who first emerged from obscurity as an attorney in the insurance cases, and it discloses that instead of being the statesman imagination had credited him with being he rose to his supreme stature as the plodding, zealous, honest lawyer in those cases. His keynote speech as a candidate for the presidency might have been made by any partisan opportunist of a politician. It is merely a feeble, sordid attack on the Administration he would succeed, without one single frank and fearless expression of the positive policies with which he would succeed the policies he so sweepingly condemns. His energy is expended in abusing his opponent for everything he has done and dodging any explanation of what he himself would do in his opponent's place.
He cannot now bring the strength to the Republican ticket which he was nominated to bring to it and which he brought to his nomination. He is a candidate without an issue. The people will not vote for him on his old reputation, for he has destroyed that in a night. If he shall be elected he will be elected not because he is Hughes, but because, added to the regular Republican partisan vote, there will be enough disgruntled voters who for one reason or another wish to see Wilson beaten.

If Hughes is elected it will be these disgruntled voters and the Money Bags who will elect him.
If Hughes is elected now any man whom the Republicans might have nominated would have been elected.—
Courier-Journal of August 2nd.

SWEET CLOVER SEED

Direct from grower. White and bi-annual yellow; hulled and unhulled. Special scarified seed for fall sowing. Also pure sweet clover extracted honey. Prices and circulars sent free.

JOHN A. SHEEHAN,

R. D. NO. 4, FALMOUTH, KY.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chilli Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

BEATING THE HESSIAN FLY

Methods of Successful Mich- igan Farmers.

At this time, when the fight on the Hessian Fly is becoming so widespread, and every implement of warfare is being used, any word or method of control is eagerly sought. To the "pestered" wheat growers nothing is more acceptable than news of the success of other practical farmers, and because of this the experience of Mr. P. I. Simons of Calhoun County, Mich., is worthy of note. It is not a one year's test, but observations from three crops that the conclusion is based upon.

As Mr. Simons tells it: "The wheat field was severely attacked by the Hessian fly, and the average yield that year was 3 to 5 bushels per acre. Right across the fence from my wheat field was another on the same kind of ground that had been prepared in practically the same way.

"The difference was that I used 200 pounds of a complete fertilizer per acre. The application was made with a fertilizer attachment to the grain drill at the time of sowing. At four different places across the field strips were untreated and the entire field was seeded to clover.

"Up to June 10th the fly had not attacked my fertilized wheat, but had attacked the unfertilized wheat in the same field to such an extent that the drill rows where no fertilizer was used appeared as wagon roads across the field. At this time the field across the fence from mine had practically been destroyed, yielding only 3 bushels per acre. My wheat threshed out 21 bushels per acre. The fertilizer that year meant an increase of at least 15 bushels per acre to me.

"Now, when it came to the seeding where no fertilizer was applied I failed to get a clover stand, while on the fertilized portion of the field I had the best clover in the neighborhood."

It should not be taken that fertilization will kill the fly. It isn't an insecticide, but it fulfills its mission when the increased health and vigor of the plants results, and thus the fly turns to the weaker, sicker plants to carry on the destruction. Sowing late will help avoid the fall brood, but no recourse other than having good strong healthy plants can be turned to so that the spring brood will not have the chance of profit-taking.

STAMP OUT THE FLY

"Three things are necessary in waging a successful warfare against the Hessian Fly, viz: thorough preparation of the soil, so as to form the best possible conditions for germination; heavy fertilization, if the soil is not already in good condition, so as to insure a quick and rapid growth, and late sowing so as to compel the flies to go elsewhere to deposit their eggs."

This extract from Bulletin 194 of the Indiana Experiment Station contains in a nutshell the main conditions to be handled in the control of the pest. The Illinois Circular 146 also makes a good point when it declares: "A vigorous wheat plant is much better able to react against an attack of the fly, especially by stooling freely or throwing out an abundance of new shoots from the root. Whatever tends, consequently, to give vigor to the plant reduces proportionally the percentage of loss."

This leads to the conclusion that a fertilizer containing at least 2 percent ammonia and at least 10 percent available phosphoric acid may be the salvation of the crop, and the experience of many users bear this out. With such crop insurance so cheap compared with results obtained, the enhanced chances for a successful clover-catch always greater by its use, fertilizer will play a very important part in this fight on the Hessian Fly.

FEED-UP YOUR FIELDS INCREASE YOUR YIELDS

There is a farmer whom I know who shows that he is wise. He knows that larger yields of wheat come when you fertilize. With crop reports much lower than last year and prices high. The farmer says: "I see that plant food is the best buy. Some farmers will help the growth of their crops with 100. A little of this fertilizer straw and plow the ground and the plants will grow. Let's help the plants make good stalk growth and fill the kernels plump. By fertilizing with plant food (Silo) — watch the profits jump! The profits come with larger yields, the average crops don't pay. So why not get your share of gain—the fertilizer way? With wheat you have a high-priced crop and extra bushels count. Fertilize your fields, bring up your yields and watch your profits mount. And when you see just how it pays this year to fertilize your wheat, Next year you'll feed your other crops and all your records beat. For farming is a game in which the Golden Rule applies. You feed your crops and they feed you, so, therefore fertilize."
—Melvin Ryder

Does Sloan's Liniment

Help Rheumatism?

Ask the man who uses it, he knows. "To think I suffered all these years when one 25 cent bottle of Sloan's Liniment cured me," writes one grateful user. If you have Rheumatism or suffer from Neuralgia, Backache, Soreness and Stiffness, don't put off getting a bottle of Sloan's Liniment. It will give you such welcome relief. It warms and soothes the sore, stiff painful places and you feel so much better. Buy it at any drug store, only 25cts. 1

SPECIAL NOTICE

in regard to

OBITUARIES, RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT, SCHOOL NO- TICES AND &

On account of the great advance in the cost of all materials connected with the running of a newspaper we have adopted a new rule in regard to Obituaries, Resolutions of Respect, Cards of Thanks, School notices, etc., whether written personally or for lodges, churches, schools or individuals, and that is, we shall charge at a rate of one cent per word for all such articles.

The amount, in cash or stamps, must accompany each article, or it will not be printed. The heading and the signature both count. This ruling applies to everybody alike, without any distinction.

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CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS.



Protect your credit.

Money to loan on farms,

from \$1,000 up.

From 5 to 10 years.

Interest averages 7 per cent.

GEO. M. CRIDER,

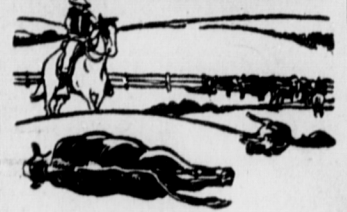
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Marion, Ky.

Your Optical Work.

Gold mountings in frames or rimless spectacles \$4.00. Eye glasses in frames or mountings \$4.00. Other kind in proportion. Office lower floor Jenkins' Bldg. Saturdays and Mondays only.
Geo W. Stone, Optometrist.

Epidemics Cost Live-Stock Owners Millions



The recent Foot and Mouth epidemic was a disastrous example of the risks of stock farming. But stock owners every year lose millions of dollars through lesser epidemics of this and other diseases.

HARTFORD Live Stock Mortality INSURANCE

is the one safe and sure protection from such loss. Work horses on farm or in town, dairy herds or registered or fancy stock will be insured by

GEORGE H. NUNN

LOCAL AGENT,

MARION, KENTUCKY

For Sale

A small farm (43 acres) on the Marion and Fredonia road one mile south of Crayne, 3 room house, good orchard, spring and well, stable and tobacco barn.

O. C. Cook,
Marion, Ky.

STOP OPIUM

Chinese Ruler Is Asked To De- stroy Traffic in The Kingdom.

Peking, Aug. 21st—The Rev. E. W. Thwing, chief of the International Reform Bureau, has submitted to President, Li Yuan-hung a letter urging the absolute prohibition of opium. On account of the monarchical movement, the late President, Yuan Shi-kai found it necessary to levy the opium tax at Shanghai and in other important centers for the purpose of financing the movement. As the term stipulated in the opium agreement will soon expire Mr. Thwing suggests that a mandate should be issued abolishing all offices for opium tax and reinforcing prohibition throughout the republic.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure. The worst sores, no matter how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c. 50c. \$1.00

For Rent Sept. 1st

My house now occupied by Charles McGregor on Walker St.
F. G. Cox.

ROSEWOOD CAMP NUMBER 22 WOODMEN OF THE WORLD

Meet in regular session on the 2nd, and 4th, Monday Evenings in each month At seven o'clock.

S. H. RAMAGE, Clerk.

Graveyard Cleaning

The Repton cemetery, generally known as the Thurman Graveyard, will be cleaned off Friday, August 25th. All interested are expected to bring dinner and tools and be prepared to spend the day. There will be services on the grounds just after the noon hour.

GEORGE D. BRANTLEY,
Committee.



When purchasing silverware, remember that in silver plate no name stands for higher quality or greater durability than the renowned trade mark

1847 ROGERS BROS.

Ask your dealer to show you the various exquisite patterns in which the "Silver Plate that Wears" can be had. The wide latitude for choice in knives, forks, spoons and fancy serving pieces assures satisfaction to every taste.

Sold by leading dealers everywhere. Send for catalogue "CL," showing all designs.

INTERNATIONAL SILVER CO.
Successors to Meriden Britannia Co.
MERIDEN, CONN.

A Matchless Clothing Opportunity

Our entire stock of high-grade clothing and furnishings is now offered at matchless prices for quick clearance. Come and see the attractive bargains all over the store. You'll be well repaid for coming.

One-third off on prices on All Low Cut Shoes.

All Summer Dry Goods at Clean-up Prices.

Cut prices on men's and boy's clothes and pants

Fall Goods are arriving
New Shoes
New Gingham
Percales
New Dry Goods

A truly matchless bargain opportunity is this--the greatest sale 'Your town' has ever known
No goods are held back
Everything must be sold.

Yandell-Gugenheim Co. - Marion, Ky.

CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS.

Marion, Ky., Aug. 24, 1916

S. M. JENKINS,
Editor and Publisher

Entered as second-class matter February 9th 1878 at the postoffice at Marion, Kentucky, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1877.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
\$1.00 per year cash in advance.

Advertising Rates.

50c per inch S. C. Foreign Advertising
25c per inch S. C. Home Advertising
Repeated ads one-half rate.

Metal bases for Plates and Electros
Locals or Readers

5c per line in this size type.

10c per line in this size type.

15c per line in this size type.

Obituaries 5c per line
Cards of Thanks 5c per line
Resolutions of respect 5c a line

Cash
With
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THE EXTRAVAGANCE

OF GOV. HUGHES

(New York World.)

Mr. Hughes is denouncing President Wilson because there is extravagance in the government of the United States. But Mr. Hughes gave New York the most extravagant administration it had ever known.

During the four years previous to Mr. Hughes the total appropriations made by the Legislature and signed by the Governor aggregated \$112,318,126.15. During the four years of Mr. Hughes the total appropriations made by the Legislature and signed by the Governor aggregated \$150,393,066.53. This was an increase of \$38,074,940.38.

The Governor of New York has power not vested in the President of the United States. He can veto separate items in an appropriation bill. Yet Mr. Hughes exercised this power to so little effect that the appropriation for the last year of his administration exceeded those of the Higgins' administration by more than \$10,000,000.

The present demoralization of the State finances began with the Hughes administration and when Mr. Hughes attacks the Wilson administration for extravagance he inevitably calls attention to one of the weakest points in his own political career.

Mr. Hughes invites the same kind of an answer when he attacks the President's appointments to office. Mr. Hughes is a good man and was a good governor, but his appointments on the whole were nothing to brag about. His political manager was Frederick C. Stevens, the Superintendent of Public Works. Mr. Stevens constructed for Mr. Hughes one of the tightest private political machines that New

York has ever known, and this weapon was used freely in Mr. Hughes' warfare with the regular Republican organization.

Most of Mr. Hughes' appointees were Republicans of a mediocre type. The World is by no means satisfied with all of Mr. Wilson's appointees, but they probably average better than Mr. Hughes'. They certainly produce better results in the way of public service.

We have no doubt that Mr. Hughes would have been glad to name better men if he could have found them, just as we are certain that Mr. Wilson would have been glad to name better men than some he has appointed to office; but a chief executive must use the tools that are available. He cannot always have his own way. He is forced to take conditions as he finds them, not as he would like them to be.

A President of the United States must work with Congress. He must work with his party. He must know when to sacrifice the small things in order to obtain the larger benefits to the country. If he undertakes ruthlessly to trample his party organization under foot, he will end as Mr. Hughes ended in New York, when the disgusted voters turned to Tammany.

The World has a low opinion of the "deserving Democrats" who have been put into office by Mr. Wilson; yet we doubt if any of them have proved so wretchedly incompetent as Mr. Hughes' highly respectable Public Service Commission which practically nullified the law so far as the people of this city were concerned.

BELLMONT

Rev. C. T. Boucher is building some nice houses which he greatly needs.

Dock McCormick's house caught fire Monday and did a great deal of damage, until some neighbors came along and extinguished the flames. Some clothing was burned, as the fire was thought to have started in or near the closet. The origin is unknown.

Orville Wilson has a fine girl at his house.

Monroe Andrews arrived home from Kansas Wednesday, where he has been in the wheat harvest.

Mrs. Mattie Thomason, of Kansas, is visiting her father, George Newbell, and family, near Piney Fork.

Frank Crider, of Kansas, is visiting his mother, Aunt Jane Travis, of this place.

Miss Grace Boyd and brother, Albert, of Shady Grove, were the guests of their sister, Mrs. John McConnell, the past week.

We are sorry to report that Alford James is still unimproved. He has typhoid fever.

Sidney Lowery is teaching school at this place.

Elvis Andrews is buying butter, paying 18 cents per pound at your door. Keep your butter and wait for Elvis.

—Little Rose.

DYCUSBURG

Ernest Harp, of Louisville, was the guest of his father, W. S. Harp, Tuesday night.

Mrs. F. D. Ramage was in Princeton Saturday and Sunday the guest of her sister, Mrs. Trenton Patterson.

Miss Vivian Kelly, of Paducah, and Miss Rochester, of Marion, were the guests of Mrs. Guy Lambert Monday night.

Mrs. Lucy Cummins, of Memphis, Tenn., was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Nolen Moneymaker, last week.

Mrs. T. L. Phillips and little sons, Thomas and Eugene, and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, and sister, Miss Rhea Coksey, of Kuttawa, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. K. Cooksey.

Mrs. G. F. Pickering, of Sikeston, Mo., and Maggie Wofford, of Morehouse, Mo., returned to their homes Monday after visiting relatives and friends here for the past two weeks.

Miss Nellie Easley, of Fredonia, was the guest of Mrs. W. E. Charles Thursday.

Mrs. Mayme White is in Paducah the guest of her sister, Mrs. Marvin Aiken.

Mrs. J. B. Wadlington spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Smithland the guest of her niece, Mrs. J. R. Wells.

Mrs. Virginia Vosier was in Kuttawa last week the guest of her son, L. B. Vosier.

Mrs. Robt. Scott returned to her home in Helena, Ark., Thursday after visiting relatives here for several weeks.

Miss Ola Charles left for Calvert City, Ky., Saturday, where she will be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. A. A. Myrick.

Miss Minnie Ross, of Sikeston, Mo., is visiting Miss Lillian Decker.

Misses Sudie and Lucy Bugg returned to their home in Paducah Saturday from an extended visit to relatives near Fredonia.

Mrs. Mary Haulstead, of Metropolis, Ill., was the guest of her brother, Nolen Moneymaker, Sunday and Monday.

W. E. Charles left Saturday for Hornbeak, Tenn.

Ellis Ralston while mulling last week, drew up a petrified elk's head.

There will be an ice cream supper at the Dycusburg City Hall, Saturday night, Aug. 26th, for the benefit of the Methodist church. Everyone is invited.

DEANWOOD

Rev. T. C. Newman filled his appointment at Sugar Grove church Saturday and Sunday. He was the guest of T. M. Dean.

Herbert Lamb and family, of Crayne; J. M. Dean and family, of Marion; Murray McDowell and Miss Lera Towery, of Shady Grove; Isam Morze and Miss Catherine Moore, of Marion; Misses Maggie and Carrie Towery, of Piney, attended church and were the guests of their friends Sunday.

Ruby Chandler, of Marion, is visiting Rev. Dean.

Ruby Dean, of Marion, is spending a week with relatives here.

Deanwood organized and played base ball against Piney Fork Saturday. The game resulted in a tie.

T. E. Walker and family were the guests of relatives here recently.

Hilda Cook and Carrie Sullenger, of Marion, were guests of friends here Sunday.

John Guess, of this place, is teaching classes in music at Enon and Mt. Olivet.

BLACKFORD

This is time called "dog days," and we are having a siege of hot weather in this part of old Kentucky.

Among the people who attended the camp meeting at Piney Fork on Sunday, August 13th, were Dr. J. R. Reynolds, J. M. Terry, wife and two children. They report that there were a number of camp-holders and everything seemed to be moving along splendidly.

Eld. Ewell J. Fox, of Berryville, Ark., a former pastor of the Baptist church at this place, is visiting over in the Dalton country the land of his nativity. Bro. Fox is a personal friend of the writer who should be pleased to see him again this side of the "Golden-gate."

Clarence Steele, a railroad employe, is suffering from a mashed toe, which many of us know by experience is a painful as well as a very inconvenient misfortune.

Mrs. Mary T. Crowell, wife of David B. Crowell, a veteran of the Civil War, has been granted a pension of twelve dollars per month.

The following may be considered parlance, yet they are good morals: Experience has already taught that there are such things as rainy days, and when they do come it is best to be prepared for them.

A man is a man whether he wears jeans or broad-cloth. It is the internal qualification and not the external appearance that counts.

Never boast of your genealogy. Even if you succeed in tracing it back to Adam and Eve, you can not find any record of their marriage.

The boy or young man who lets his father or hired man do all the work, while he spends his time loafing and smoking cigarettes, is a disgrace to the community in which he lives.

There is one comfort about the proposed one-hundred-mile-an-hour automobile. Its victims will never know what killed them.

Never marry a large hearted man. He has capacity for loving too many women at the same time.

You will find that a woman who is a success with beardless youths has passed the time when she can do much with "grown-up" men.

A "knocker" is a person who always seeks the dark side of life, runs in the ruts, gets in the way of the chariot of progress and knocks against everything that he has not a personal supervision over and does not have a mighty voice in.

It is far better for every man to attend strictly to his own business.

With good wishes for all
Our thought we plainly express;
If you wish to know the writer
You have a right to guess.
—Puelia Alba.

A WORD FOR MOTHERS

It is a grave mistake for mothers to neglect their aches and pains and suffer in silence—this only leads to chronic sickness and often shortens life.

If your work is tiring; if your nerves are excited; if you feel languid, weary or depressed, you should know that Scott's Emulsion overcomes just such conditions.

It possesses in concentrated form the very elements to invigorate the blood, strengthen the tissues, nourish the nerves and build strength.

Scott's is strengthening thousands of mothers—and will help you. No alcohol. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

A Friend of Humanity.
Knicker—"Has Smith's car made him popular?"
Bocker—"Those he takes out sue him for damages and the rest sue him for breach of contract."

MAYOR STONE

Cuts Down His Shade Trees.

It takes pretty good nerve to cut a shade tree down, according to our humble opinion.

The editor plants trees every chance he gets and seldom, if ever, cut one down unless it was a dead one. However he approves heartily of Mayor Stone's decision to rid his nice home of a nuisance with which he has been troubled for several years in the shape of several Carolina poplar trees. The Mayor, once he made up his mind was not long in executing and now breathes free as he wont have a constant litter of falling leaves. These Carolina poplars begin shedding as soon as they get leaved out good and continue day by day to litter up your lawn.

They get bare long before any other tree and therefore are not good as a shade tree. Another species of poplar is the "Lombardy." They put out foliage before any other tree in this climate, and stay green, hold their leaves longer than any of our native trees, while they grow tall and graceful they will spread out if topped and thus valuable for shade or ornamental.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. C. HENNEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The theory of English and American law is that no man must look to have the government take care of him, but that every man must take care of himself, the government providing the means and making them as excellent as may be, in order that there may be no breach of the peace. —Woodrow Wilson.

The Bible is undoubtedly the grand mine of diction for the translator of Homer and, if he knows how to discriminate truly, between what will suit him and what will not, the Bible may afford him also invaluable lessons of style. —Matthew Arnold.

Value of Lemons Seen in Recipes.

The value of lemons cannot be overestimated, as they contain many elements necessary to good health.

Medical Uses:—Lemon and sugar will relieve hoarseness.

Lemon juice and salt will cure ordinary sore throat when used as a gargle. For nervous headache try two or three slices of lemon in a cup of hot,

strong tea.

For bilious headache try a spoonful of lemon juice in a cup of black coffee. For croup try lemon juice, honey and alum.

For torpid liver, take the juice from half a lemon in one-half glass of water three times a week before breakfast. In fever lemon is cooling and of great value for moistening the lips and cleaning the tongue.

Culinary Uses:—Add a teaspoonful of lemon juice to the water when boiling meat and it will be more tender.

The juice of one lemon to half a teaspoonful of baking soda will take the place of the best baking powder. Mix the soda with flour and add the lemon juice.

Use slices of lemon to garnish meat, fish, game and tea.

If a teaspoonful of lemon juice is added to boiling rice, the kernels will be whiter.

Use lemon juice instead of vinegar for salad dressings.

Lemonade is greatly improved by adding sliced fruit or the well-beaten whites of an egg.

Miscellaneous Uses:—If you swallow a fish bone, swallow slowly the juice of a lemon and it will cause fish bone to dissolve.

Lemon juice and salt will remove rust, ink or fruit stains from white goods.

A few drops of lemon juice in water makes good tooth wash, removes tartar, sweetens the breath and hardens the gums.

Equal parts of lemon juice and rose water will remove tan and whiten and softens the skin.

Lemon juice has no equal as a hair wash and tonic. It delays the hair from turning gray and prevent falling out.

The rind of a lemon dipped in salt will clean brass nicely.

A cloth soaked in lemon juice and bound around a cut stops severe bleeding until medical aid may be secured.

KEEP COOL.

Forgive and forget! It is better

To live on the quiet than scrap;

For while you are fighting about them
Life's apples may roll from your lap;
And the fellow who fights becomes
lovely.

And nothing to pay him remains
When he loses his friends and finds only
A patch on his eye for his pains.

Forgive and forget! It's not funny

To glare at some fellow you meet,
And there's no lasting pleasure in hav-

ing

A brawl as you walk down the street;

And the friends who would back you

forget them!

They are out for the fun of a row,

And they'll go with the winner, so

see them

Firm friends of the other man now.

Of course you could kick to a frazzle

The chap whom you think of with

hate,

But to let the past go, and forget it

Marks you as a winner with fate.

It's better to live on the quiet—

To shake hands with friends as you go

Than to make yourself boss of a riot,

And shake all the friends whom you

know.

—Exchange

CLEAN UP SALE

Men's patent leather oxfords regular \$4.00 & \$4.50 values FOR \$3.50.

Men's Glaze Kang oxfords regular \$4.00, 4.50 & 5.00 values FOR \$3.50.

All ladies \$3.50, \$4.00 slippers at \$3. \$2.50 and \$3.00 at \$2.00. \$2.00 and \$2.50 at \$1.75.

All children's slippers and sandals at greatly reduced prices.

Men's Gun Metal oxfords regular \$4.00, 4.50 & 5.00 values FOR \$3.50.

Men's tan Russ calf oxfords, regular \$4., \$4.50 & \$5. values FOR \$3.50.

If there has ever been a time of the year when you can save money in generous "chunks" it is right now at this biggest shoe sale of the season.

Every pair of shoes, oxfords and sandals in this store -- values that were notable at their original price, are now offered at one fourth and one half reductions. Despite large assortments, it is advisable to come early as we cannot guarantee sizes. They will step lively on their way out.

Women's and Children's Oxfords
Black, White and Tan

Up to \$2.00 Values
Now \$1.

One lot of ladies and
childrens slippers at
One-half price

Mayes & Cavander, Marion

PERSONALS

Miss Carolyn Potts, of Vicksburg, Miss., arrived Thursday to be the guest of Miss Susie Boston.

Miss Gwendolene Haynes spent the week-end in Dawson at the New Century.

We can't continue to do it and won't try. Papers must be paid for if mailed out after this date. No exceptions. Don't blame us if paper stops.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Wilkey, of Hopkinsville, are guests of her sister, Mrs. Chastain Haynes.

Mrs. Joe Ruston of near Mexico was struck by lightning Tuesday afternoon and is in a critical condition.

We can treat in our home a limited number of cases with Granular sore eyes. We will also reduce the weight of fat or bloated people without drugs or starving. We guarantee results. —J. R. Gilchrist Ophr.

Mrs. C. E. Weldon and daughter, Miss Edwina Weldon, will leave tomorrow for a several weeks' visit at Marion and Fredonia—Paducah Sun.

Clyde Gilliland, of Anguilla, Miss., who was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Gilliland, and sister, Mrs. Creed A. Taylor has returned home.

Cleaning, pressing and repairing. Agents for the White Swan Laundry. Best in town. All work called for and delivered. Huffman & Cook. Jenkins Bldg.

Miss Evalyn Williams of Providence is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. S. Gugenheim.

"RECEPTION," a coffee of quality, with an aroma all its own. Try it and you will thank us. ASHER & LAMB.

Rev. W. B. Yates has returned from Mt. Vernon, Ohio, where he was engaged in a big revival service.

We pay the highest prices in cash for old rags, metal, rubber, etc. Our wagons will call for same. E. T. Frazier. 8174tp.

Crider & McFee, Real Estate Agents. Town properties bought and sold. Farms for sale. Marion, Ky.

Mrs. C. E. Weldon and daughter, Edwina, of Paducah, are guests of relatives here and in the county.

Audrey Clark, the popular deliveryman for Morris & Son's big grocery, is able to be out again after a serious illness of fever.

Lee Easley wife and child left for Pittsburg, Pa., to reside, Saturday morning.

Miss Selma Moore grand daughter of Judge James A. Moore is critically ill of septic poisoning at the family residence on East depot street. Several physicians have been in constant attendance since Tuesday afternoon and they entertain little hope of her recovery.

George R. Dupuy and his daughter, Miss Margaret, of Red Springs, N. C., who were guests of his brother, S. T. Dupuy, and Mrs. Dupuy on North Walker street, left Wednesday for home.

Renewals and new subscriptions to the Crittenden Record-Press will be received this month at \$1.00. No paper will be mailed after Sept. 1st, unless paid for.

Mrs. Mary Frizzle of Wichita Ks., Mrs. Bird Sales of Cushman, Okla., Mrs. W. N. Cullen of Repton and her brother, Rev. J. T. Rushing, Presiding Elder of the Owensboro district were visitors here Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Moore of Salem has returned from Ashville, N. C., much benefited in health, and is now at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Carter on the Salem road.

Money to loan on farms at 7 per cent. Geo. M. Crider.

Mrs. M. E. Croft and daughter Miss Ruth left Thursday for Lake Michigan Resorts to spend the remainder of the summer.

I have a surplus of 25 tons of prime timothy and red top hay, above my requirements, for sale. —Effie W. Jenkins.

Wilson Hill farm.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Henry Haynes of Marietta Oklahoma, who stopped over again on their return from Cincinnati contrary to their first expectations, left for their home in the West last week.

Misses Lula Lee and Nonnie Belle Berry of Hopkinsville returned to their home Monday after being the guests of friends here and in the county.

Crawford Hughes wife and baby who were guests for the past week of his parents Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Hughes of Chapel Hill left Tuesday morning for their home.

If you are looking for a house and lot, see Crider & McFee.

Chris Woodall, Jr., son of C. C. Woodall, of Repton section, who had the misfortune to lose both of his legs by being run over by a dummy train in one of the mines at Sturgis, was reported in a critical condition Wednesday noon.

Several thousand subscribers are in arrears, no papers will be mailed if not paid for after this date. We are working on the list as fast as we can.

We will bond you, Crider & Woods.

See Crider & McFee for farm property, have some bargains close in to town.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Warren, of Louisville, are guests of their daughter, Mrs. W. C. Cross, and Mr. Cross on Salem street.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Haynes, Misses Marian and Louise Clement and Ruth Haynes attended the dance at Cerulean Springs last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Haynes left Saturday for their home in Oklahoma after spending six weeks the guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Haynes.

Thomas M. Conyer who accompanied his daughter Mrs. R. S. Clark, to her home in Springfield Mo. and visited her for a week has returned home much enthused over the enterprise and thrift which he saw in the Weston every side.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Roberts and children, Albert M. Shelby and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wilson and children motored to Eddyville Sunday to visit old friends and also to visit the "Riverview Cemetery" where their relatives are buried. They all returned in the afternoon.

FOR SALE:—400 bushels of corn on my farm near Sheridan. F. G. Cox, Marion, Ky. 8172t

H. Clyde Gilliland of Anguilla Mississippi left Saturday for his home in the rich Yazoo Valley. He is one of our Marion boys who holds a responsible place with the I. C. R. R.

Ottie Hamby who is teacher at Fords Ferry school spent last week attending Piney Fork camp meeting and is visiting friends in Marion.

V. Oakley and family who were guests of his parents Rev. W. T. Oakley and wife on east Belle-street have returned home.

WANTED: A reliable, capable woman, either white or colored, to stay at residence from hours 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Call at office, room No. 2, Postoffice, building for information. 2t

Henry Tinsley is home from Canada and points in the lake region where he visited for several days during the extreme hot weather of last two weeks.

Newton Brookshire and family of Winfield Kansas who were the guests for several weeks of her parents Mr. and Mrs. James Woodall have returned to their home in the west.

Mrs. E. J. Gibbs left last week for St. Louis to visit her son Mr. Amliam Owen Weldon. While she is his guest, he will take his mother on a trip to Niagara Falls in his fine new car.

Mrs. E. M. Eaton, daughter, Miss Cleo, of Marion, and Miss Dora Claire, of Houston, Texas, were the guests of Mrs. E. S. Love this week and attended the Chautauqua. —Clay, Ky., Times.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Haynes of Deland Florida arrived in Marion Saturday night to visit her sister Mrs. Chastain Haynes and other relatives. They made the trip in their "Oldsmobile" which covered the route in fine shape.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Cruce, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Guess, Miss Anna Cox, Mrs. Clara Carnahan, Messrs. Ernest and Douglas Carnahan, Arnold Driskill, Ira Pierce and Emmett Clifton returned from an overland automobile trip to Mammoth Cave, which was begun Tuesday morning, and was made without mishaps and was enjoyed by all.

PARIS APPEAL SENT NEUTRALS

Says Germans Make Women and Girls Dig Trenches.

Paris, July 29.—(3:30 p. m.)—France today sent an official note to the neutral Powers protesting against the action of the German authorities toward the population in the French departments occupied by Teuton forces.

Premier Briand addressed to J. J. Jusserand, the French Ambassador at Washington, and to other French representatives in neutral countries instructing them to present to the Government to which they are respectively accredited, a note reading as follows:

"I ask you to call the attention of the government to which you are accredited to the treatment which the population of Lille, Robaix and Tourcoing are being subjected by the German authorities.

HAGUE RULING CITED
"The French Government, in the presence of revealed facts, invokes the application of Article III, of The Hague Convention concerning laws and customs of conducting land warfare, to the end that Germany be held responsible for violations of these rules by its armed forces."

"Until a decision by arms has permitted the reconquering of these occupied regions the sole means of making this effort is by pressing an appeal to the sentiments of justice and humanity of neutral Powers and the public opinion of all nations.

"I, therefore, ask you in presenting this note to ask the Government to give it the most serious attention, as it constitutes the protest of the French Government against the conditions which it brings to the attention of the civilized world, supported by testimony from many sources."

After reciting the efforts made by the Government through the Spanish Government to stop the German practices in invaded regions, the document adds:

"Today, all our protests having been in vain, we place the evidence before the eyes of neutral Powers, assured of the judgment that universal conscience will pass upon such conditions, and that it will be incumbent on the German Government, in case it undertakes to question this evidence, to permit an impartial inquiry. To this end the German Government must authorize the neutral Powers to conduct an investigation, notably of the events occurring at Lille, Robaix and Tourcoing and surrounding communes, from the 22nd to the 29th of April, 1916. If they refuse to authorize an inquiry, it will be a recognition of the veracity of the

facts denounced."

WOMEN SENT TO FIELDS
The note is accompanied by a mass of testimony concerning the seizure for working in fields of thousands of women and young girls. The document says that the events which occurred at Lille, Robaix and Tourcoing were only the application of the cruel system of work forced on the population, and describes the various forms of violence the Germans are accused of having practiced.

The note says: "A woman who was removed from B—, Ardennes, affirms that her husband was shot for refusing to obey an order to requisition supplies, and that she herself was imprisoned for two days.

"In F—, Muerthe and Mosell, work assigned to the Mayor being uncompleted in time, he was suspended from a tree by means of a rope passed under his arms and he was left in this position about an hour."

The note cites cases of men 70 to 80 years old made to work; of women forced to labor under the fire of French troops, and of others compelled to dig trenches. It also makes a charge, based on the testimony of a witness, that in October, 1914, the Germans took from the department of Pas De Calais a party of inhabitants, that they used them as shields against the fire of the French and that forty were thus killed.

The document says the German Government on January 24, 1916, denied mistreatment of inhabitants, but says the French note, "sworn testimony regarding measures taken in April at Lille shows the degree of faith which can be placed in their denial."

ANCIENT INDUSTRY BEING FOLLOWED WITH SUCCESS

Unique Method Is Employed to
Rid City of Plague of
Rodents And Flies.

The Pied Piper of Hamelin has long figured in the world's literature in song, legend and story. It remained for Robert Browning to immortalize the ancient rat catcher, who rid the town of Hamelin, in Old Burnawick, of its plague of rats and mice.

This wonderful poem tells us how, at the call of the liquid notes of the magic pipe the rodents of the town left their holes and followed the musician to their destruction. It tells how the burgomasters, with truly teutonic thrift, defaulted on their contract of payment and how, in retaliation, the piper once again lifted his magic pipe to his lips and by the power of his music lured all the children of the town into the recesses of a mountain, never to be heard from again.

It may be admitted that there is more of legend and fancy in the impossibly quaint old story than there is of fact. Yet there seems to have been some sort of foundation upon which the story writer and the teller of legends was able to base his facts.

This is the story of the modern pied piper, in fact it is a story of a number of pipers who seem to possess remarkable power over the rodent mind. In Owensboro, today, quietly and unostentatiously, there is being carried on a business of ridding the city of rats and mice and flies.

A PLAGUE OF RATS AND FLIES.
A couple of years ago Owensboro was overridden by rodents and it suffered a plague of flies. In order to remedy conditions, in a measure, Mayor Hickman and his modern burgomasters adopted the precedent set by the old Hamelin burgomasters—to

rid the city of the pests. After much and mature deliberation it adopted the modern plan prevalent in the Western states in their war on the coyote and the jack rabbit, they offered a bonus. Under the bonus plan the city pays ten cents the pint for flies, and two cents each for rat tails. The success of the plan was speedily apparent. From the date of the announcement that the city was in the market for flies, rats and mice, the pests were doomed. Small boys and large boys, and not a few girls entered the new field of industry. Flies began coming in by pints and then by gallons. Rat tail began showing up by dozens and then by hundreds. As a result the city has been put to a little expense. According to figures kept by the Mayor's office there have been 3 911 pints of flies put out of business since January 1, 1916 at a cost to the city of \$391.10. From January 1, 1915, 3,280 rats and mice have been forced to sacrifice their caudal appendages at a cost to the city of \$65.60.

Rat do more harm in a community than can be repaired by ten sanitary institutions. It has been estimated by reliable authority that half the cases of typhoid and consumption treated in hospitals are caused either directly or indirectly by rats. They feed off the most poisonous food as well as off the best. A rat's whiskers carry poisonous germs which they leave on everything with which they come in contact.

UNIQUE METHODS EMPLOYED.
In the prosecution of the local warfare on rats many unique methods are employed. Of course the inevitable rat trap plays a prominent part as does the deadly air gun. One fisherman operating along the river bank has adapted a fish trap of ingenious design. His daily receipts run about fifty cents. His method is simple. He simply sets the trap and visits it three times a week.

Various poisons are used with varying success. The ratcatchers, however, are learning that rats never get caught by the same kind of poison but once. That is to say, that when one or more of a rat colony fall a victim to a specific poison the remainder of the colony will not eat of it.

One woman utilizes the primitive rule of gravity. She props a large washtub up on a stick connected with a trigger projecting inward. Food is scattered under the tub and the rat traps himself.

But the best and most successful of the rat catchers is the small boy about town. Hardly a day passes but what from three to a dozen youngsters call on the mayor for the purpose of presenting him with a certificate from the police department that he has turned over so many rat tails. And like most successful business men the small boy never makes the mistake of explaining his system. He delivers the goods and he gets his money.

The plan adopted by the city has not been without its beneficial results. Crude perhaps, it has, nevertheless, caused the reduction of rats, mice and flies to a noticeable extent. Much can yet be desired. Manure heaps and open garbage receptacles can be done away with by ordinance. Premises ordered kept in sanitary condition under penalty of punishment, and many other salutary police regulations enforced. But until a better plan is suggested, it is to be hoped that the bonus system will remain in full force and effect. —Owensboro Messenger.

Ever Notice It?
If you stop to think, you can doubtless name a number of people who talk too much—including yourself.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's
The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

WOMEN OF KENTUCKY.

Newport, Ky.—"I have had a very good experience with 'Favorite Prescription.' I was dragged out and so severely sick with female trouble that I was down in bed and had to give up all work. I did not get any strength from anything. Then I read of what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was doing for others and my husband procured two bottles of 'Prescription' at the drug store. I got stronger at once and the use of two bottles brought me up from my sick bed and put me on my feet. I have had no return of the trouble since. This was some ten years ago."—Mrs. NANCY SANDERS, 333 Central Ave.

Thousands of women right here in Kentucky who are now blessed with robust health cannot understand why thousands of other women continue to worry and suffer from ailments peculiar to women when they can obtain for a trifling sum Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which will surely and quickly banish all pain, distress and misery and restore the womanly functions to perfect health.

Young mothers who preserve the charms of face and figure in spite of an increasing family and the care of growing children are always to be envied. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription gives the strength and health upon which happy motherhood depends. It practically does away with the pains of maternity. It enables the mother to nourish the infant life depending on her, and enjoy the hourly happiness of watching the development of a perfectly healthy child.

Sick headache, biliousness, constiveness, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels are relieved, prevented, by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

JUNE LOSSES

OF BRITISH ON SEAS HEAVY, ACCORDING TO REPORT OF LLOYDS.

Liverpool, July 30.—The Liverpool Underwriters Association in their casualty returns for June, 1915 report that 131 British steam and sailing vessels and 169 foreign vessels were posted in the Loss Book during the month of June, 1914. These include minor casualties as well as total losses.

The tonnage of vessels actually lost in June totals 31,998 against 12,770 in June, 1915, and 22,081 in June, 1914.

For the six months ending June 30, 1916, 286,813 tons of shipping disappeared, against 256,407 in the corresponding period of 1915 and 193,592 in 1914.

FOR SALE

My farm 4 miles North east of Marion 81 acres on Rural Route Level land, 30 acres in grass, 2 acres in timber balance in good state of cultivation, well watered good orchard, tobacco barn, stock barn, well fenced, terms easy.

A. H. Travis

Maude Muller Again.

Maude Muller, on a Summer day with her fellow ran away, in a benzine touring car, scouting to a preacher far. Maude's father saw the fleeing pair; smelled the benzine scent and caught a male whose name was Jane, and rolled down the dusty lane. The male very swiftly ran, but burned the oil out of the can. The motor stopped upon a hill, but Jane ran on just fit to kill. Alas for maid, alas for man, alas for the empty benzine can! Maude's daddy on the old gray mule came and took her off to school. The mule right wrecked the benzine cart; the lover died of a broken heart. The moral of this tale is said: "Don't steal the girl—go ask her dad!"

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

A large red Duroc Jersey saw wt. about 150 lbs. with no mark. Left my premises about July 1st. Reward for her return or information leading to her recovery. It. ALLIE POSTLEWEIGHT.



ONE DROP
Bourbon Poultry Remedy
Sold By
Haynes & Taylor

DRIVING TURKS BACK

British Are in Pursuit of The Enemy in Egypt.

London, August 14.—British forces in Egypt are still driving back the Turks who were defeated in the recent battle east of the Suez Canal. The following announcement was given out here: "Our cavalry is still in pursuit of the Turkish, rear guard and yesterday evening had driven back the Turks to a position east of Bir-El-Manca. Although no stores were found at Bir-El-Abd, there were large heaps of ashes in the vicinity of the abandoned Turkish position."

Nobody Knows But Mother

How many buttons are missing to day?

How many playthings are strewn in her way?

Nobody knows but mother. How many thimbles and spools has she missed.

How many burns on each little fist?

How many bumps to be cuddled and kissed?

Nobody knows but mother.

How many stockings to darn do you know?

How many muddy shoes all in a row?

Nobody knows but mother.

How many little torn aprons to mend?

How many hours of toil must she spend?

What is the time when her day's work shall end?

Nobody knows but mother.

How many cares does a mother's heart know?

How many joys from her mother love flow?

Nobody knows but mother.

How many prayers by each little white bed?

How many tears for her babe has she shed?

How many kisses for each curly head?

Nobody knows but mother.

—Hayward Hill Record

WAR'S STERN DEMANDS.

Olive Groves Out Down For Fuel In Italy.

Rome, Aug. 3.—Tempted by high prices as a result of the coal famine, peasant proprietors in Southern Italy and the Liguria are cutting down their olive groves and selling the timber for fuel.

They spare not even the roots, so that the magnificent trees, many of which have taken centuries to come to perfection are hopelessly lost. Beeches, chestnuts, oaks and pines are staring the same fate.

This intensified deforestation of Italy decreases the water supply in many districts. The forestry legislation of Italy leaves much to be desired, giving owners a free hand with their timber.

In Russia no one, from the czar to the humblest moujik, may fell timber less than fifty years old and then he must plant new forests, tree for tree, to replace those cut down. Forests are watched over by experts who aid and advise cultivators.

Nothing of this sort exists here and forestry experts are much alarmed at the wholesale destruction of woods and forests.

The commercial and industrial federation with the headquarters at Milan, has resolved to petition the government to take energetic measures to stop the wholesale slaughter of trees.

Yea, Verily!

"Champagne," remarked Colonel Mixem, "is less intoxicating than beer." "How do you figure that out?" queried his friend Jaggsmit. "Because fewer people can afford to drink it," replied the colonel, as he proceeded to erase the foam from his mustache.

WASTED WATER POWER WILL RUN RAILROADS

Trains of Future to Be Operated by Electricity.

Opinions expressed at the recent convention of the Railroad Master Mechanics in Atlantic City that the steam locomotive will be relegated to the scrap heap and all railroad trains will be operated by electricity in the comparatively near future are shared very generally by railroad men and engineers. Electrification of railroads has already made sufficient headway to demonstrate the desirability of its general adoption, and extensive equipment of many trunk lines for electrical operation is being held back only until such time as cheap electric current, which in many sections must be water power, is made available by the passage of bills now before congress.

Fifteen years ago the late E. H. Harriman decided to operate the Central Pacific Railroad by electricity generated by water power. Engineers completed plans and told Mr. Harriman that by electrification of the Sierra Mountain division the road would save \$350,000 a year in coal bills and labor, but that the interest on the investment necessary to equip the division electrically and develop the water power would be about \$375,000 a year.

Last winter the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway began operating electrically a division of its line 115 miles long, crossing the Rocky Mountains in Montana and Nevada. Within a few months additional main line totaling 440 miles will be operated by electricity. On the 115 miles now in operation nine electric locomotives handle all the traffic, whereas twenty-four steam locomotives were formerly required to do the work. The electric engines pull heavier trains and make better time. The steam locomotives formerly averaged 114 miles in twenty-four hours. The electric trains make 200 miles a day. Less labor is employed and the repair bills are smaller. There are no cinders or smoke to annoy passengers. The electric engines do their own braking, the motors being converted into dynamo on the down grades, the train's momentum generating and putting back into the wires about fifty per cent. of the current used to pull the train uphill. Steam locomotives freeze up and lose power in cold weather. The colder the weather the better the electric engines work. It cost the Milwaukee road \$1,750,000 a year for coal to operate this mountain division with steam locomotives. Operated electrically, the power bill is about \$500,000 a year.

Harriman planned to build water power plants to generate electricity solely for the operation of the Central Pacific. The Milwaukee Railroad buys what power it needs from the Montana Power Company, which owns and operates several hydro-electric plants. The Butte, Anaconda and Pacific Railway is operated by electricity at one-third the former cost of steam, buying its current from a water power company.

As soon as Congress makes laws which guarantee the safety of investment in hydro-electric projects it is asserted that many large water power plants will be built in the South and West, which will supply current for operating a number of trunk line railroads by electricity.

Every engineer and railroad man knows and admits the wastefulness of using steam locomotives for hauling railway trains. There are in service on the railroads of the United States about 67,000 steam locomotives, with an aggregate capacity of between 50,000,000 and 60,000,000 horse power. These locomotives burn about 140,000,000 tons of coal and 30,000,000 barrels of oil annually. Their fuel bill amounts to something over a quarter of a billion dollars a year.

These locomotives actually use, on the average, only about one-fourth the power they are capable of generating. Probably two-thirds of the fuel they burn is wasted, in that it does not generate steam used to turn their wheels. To this economic waste must be added the loss of use of probably one-third of the rolling stock of all the railroads, now kept busy hauling fuel to be burned in the locomotives.

It is estimated that if all the railroads in the country were electrified and served by central stations all the traffic on all the lines could be operated with about 17,000,000 horse power of electrical current. More than three times this amount of power flows unused in the rivers and streams, a large proportion of which will be put to work for operating railroad trains, and for other useful purposes, as soon as Congress passes the kind of laws that will encourage water power development. Instead of discouraging such enterprises as the present laws do.

Cheap power, and in large units, is vital to railway electrification. Some electrification has already been accomplished with current generated by steam plants. Where coal is cheap and the traffic is heavy this has been found economical.

Electrical engineers foresee the electrification of all the railroads in the country, to be brought about economically by using up water power and steam plants into large generating and transmission systems.

Maxwell

\$595

F. O. B. DETROIT

Be particular. Examine the seemingly little things about the car you buy.

IT'S the "little" things that make motoring a pleasure or a constant source of annoyance.

The car you've been thinking about—does it have electric starter and lights, demountable rims, rain-vision windshield, speedometer, one-man mohair top? Does it have an irreversible steering gear, linoleum running boards and floor boards?

Does it have, as the Maxwell has, all these refinements, good appearance, an enviable reputation and an unequalled record for endurance and economy?

This is a vital matter to you. Make sure.

5-passenger Touring Car, \$595 2-passenger Cabriolet, \$865
2-passenger Roadster, 580 6-passenger Town Car, 915
5-passenger Sedan, \$985

T. H. Cochran & Co., Marion.



TERRORS OF THE DEEP

Vessel Pumps 15,000,000 Gallons of Molasses Into The Sea.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Aug. 22.—Almost 18 years to the day after she had fired on the old Spanish fortifications of El Morro, at the entrance to San Juan Harbor, the barge Detroit formerly a United States gunboat and in the Spanish-American war, a part of Admiral Sampson's fleet, was towed into port last week with a lot of having encountered two hurricanes only a few hours apart and being blown back here almost 1,000 miles after having been with 400 miles of New York.

Captain Mattison laid most of the Detroit's ill luck to the fact that she had aboard what remained of the cargo of the ill-fated schooner Forest City, which burned at the wharf here on New Year's Day after encountering foul weather and sickness on an eighty day voyage from the west coast of South Africa.

The Detroit and the tank barge Powell, bound for Philadelphia and in tow of the tug Toltec, of that city, sailed from San Juan about the middle of last month. For a week they made slow head-

way because of bad weather, and then a hurricane, at times blowing 100 miles an hour, struck them.

Later a second hurricane came from the north, and it was necessary for the Powell to lighten her cargo to keep afloat, and she pumped 15,000,000 gallons of molasses into the sea. Her steering gear was swept away, and Capt. Thiel and his crew finally managed to get aboard the Toltec. When the storm relented the three ships were almost back to their starting point, all in need of repair and the crews exhausted. Captain McCloud, of the Toltec, said that he would start again as soon as he could get his vessels in shape.

MAYR'S WONDERFUL REMEDY FOR STOMACH TROUBLE

Gall Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, Auto Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other fatal ailments result from Stomach Trouble. Thousands of Stomach Sufferers owe their complete recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Unlike any other for Stomach Ailments. For sale by Haynes & Taylor, Marion, Ky., and druggists everywhere.

Japanese Translations.

A recent writer in a Tokyo Journal reports the struggles of Japanese writers to translate English idioms into their own tongue. We cite several of

these howlers. "We put our heads together," (We collided). "He could not find it for the life of him," (He could not discover it till his death). "He is a great loss to his country," (He is a great calamity to his country). "He hung his head for shame," (He committed suicide by strangulation). "He takes things easily," (He is a deft thief). "She sat over a cup of tea," (She sat upon a teacup). "I shudder at the bare idea," (I shudder to think that the man is naked). "The bare idea" is evidently translated into "the idea of bareness." "Spare me five minutes," (Spare my life—only five minutes).

the Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness or tingling in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 26

Rhubarb Pearat Jam

Heat together one quart unpeeled rhubarb, cut in half-inch pieces, one quart granulated sugar, two apples peeled and diced and one fourth teaspoon cinnamon, until a juice is formed. Fire should be very slow. Then cook a little more quickly, stirring often for ten minutes and skimming as necessary. Then add half cup coarsely chopped roasted peanuts and cook until, when cool it forms a stiff paste (about fifteen minutes longer). Walnuts may be substituted for peanuts. Put in jars.

HERE IS A GOOD PLACE TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY

Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky., Main St., bet. 6th & 7th

The only Hotel in Louisville Operated on the American and European Plans

AMERICAN PLAN (With Meals) Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water

75 Rooms	single \$2.00 per day; 2 people, \$2.00 each
50 Rooms	single 2.50 per day; 2 people, 2.25 each
50 Front Rooms	single 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.50 each

Rooms With Private Bath:

75 Rooms	single \$3.00 per day; 2 people, \$2.75 each
50 Rooms	single 3.50 per day; 2 people, 3.00 each

EUROPEAN PLAN: (Without Meals. Rooms without Bath but with Hot and cold running water)

75 Rooms	single \$1.00 per day; 2 people, \$0.75 each
50 Rooms	single 1.25 per day; 2 people, 1.00 each
50 Front Rooms	single 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each

Rooms With Private Bath:

50 Rooms	single \$1.50 per day; 2 people, \$1.25 each
50 Rooms	single 2.00 per day; 2 people, 1.50 each

THE OLD INN, LOUISVILLE, KY., COR. SIXTH AND MAIN STS. EUROPEAN PLAN ONLY.

Rooms Without Bath \$1.00 and Up. Rooms With Private bath, \$1.50 and Up.

BEST EATING PLACE IN TOWN

The Louisville Hotel and the Old Inn are located in the wholesale district and only a three-block's walk to the retail district and the theatres.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL AND OLD INN COMPANY, PROPRIETORS

Beef
Dairy
Swine
Sheep
Poultry

Floral Hall and Agri-
cultural Exhibits

Traveling Men's Day
Saturday,
September 2nd.

The Pennyroyal Fair

Incorporated

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 29th-Sept. 2nd.

5 Big
Days

YOU NEED US.

WE WANT YOU.

FIVE BIG DAYS

5 Big
Days

Music by Chicago brass band.

The Best Half Mile Track in Kentucky.

No Entrance Fee Charged Racing or Show Horses

For Catalog, Address

JOHN W. RICHARDS, SECRETARY, HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

SPEED PROGRAM

Running Races

Pacing Races

Trotting Races

Motorcycle Races

Reduced Rates on
All Railroads

Shuttle Train Ser-
vice to the grounds

MARION BOY

Sends Letter From Oklahoma.

Edmond, Okla., Aug. 16, 1916.
Mr. S. M. Jenkins,

Marion, Ky.

My Dear Mr. Jenkins:—
Enclosed please find \$1.00 for
which send me the Crittenden
Record-Press for one year.

This is a fine country, but cer-
tainly dry and hot at present. I
like out here fine. I have just
been elected to the principalship
of one of the leading high schools
of the State. There are sixteen
teachers in the school. The
town is Mountain View, Okla.
My school begins September 4th.
I attended the Central State
Normal school this summer. The
school of which Prof. Charles
Evans has been president for the
last five years. Statistics show
that the school has made greater
progress during his administra-
tion than any of his predeces-
sors. He and family have moved
to Tulsa, to begin his new work.
Prospects are favorable for a
prosperous year at Henry Ken-
dall.

Since I came to Oklahoma, I
have met many from Kentucky.
I have traveled over most of the
state and have seen many inter-
esting things.

Please send this week's and
next week's issue to me at Ed-
mond. After then you may send
them to Mountain View.

Trusting that I may hear from
you soon, and wishing success
to my old Kentucky friend, I
am,

Your's sincerely,

T. EARL SULLINGER.

Lax-Fos, A Mild, Effective Laxative & Liver Tonic
Does Not Grip nor Disturb the Stomach.
In addition to other properties, Lax-Fos
contains Cascara in acceptable form, a
stimulating Laxative and Tonic. Lax-Fos
acts effectively and does not grip nor
disturb stomach. At the same time, it aids
digestion, arouses the liver and secretions
and restores the healthy functions. 50c.

What the Illinois Central Does

For Paducah Each Year.

According to a report just made
public, the pay roll of the Illinois
Central shops at Paducah is close
to \$1,000,000 a year. The state-
ment showed that last year the

pay roll was the largest in the
history of the shops, it being
\$985,000. This amount went to
the shop employees solely, as
trainmen and yardmen were not
included. The shops are the big-
gest industry in Paducah, and
they are the second largest in
the Illinois Central system.

CLEAR SKIN COMES FROM WITHIN

It is foolish to think you can gain a
good clear complexion by the use of
face powder. Get at the root of the
trouble and thoroughly cleanse the
system with a treatment of Dr. King's
New Life Pills. Gentle and mild in
action, do not gripe, yet they relieve
the liver by their action on the bow-
els. Good for young, adults and aged.
Go after a clear complexion today. 25c
at your druggist.

PRESIDENT MAY AVERT A STRIKE

Two Million Trainmen Involved in
The Trouble.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Pros-
pects for averting a nation wide
railway strike, or at least for
the formulation of some tenta-
tive program which will be the
groundwork for further negotia-
tion, brightened up today after
President Wilson had conferred
with thirty-five chiefs of the
great brotherhoods.

After conference the brother-
hood men declared the Presi-
dent's grasp of the situation and
the position of the men might
result in an understanding being
reached, and others in touch
with the conference said the
representatives of the men
showed a disposition to avoid a
strike.

What a railroad strike in the
United States would mean is
shown as follows:

Number of men involved in
eight-hour demand, 400,000.

Total number of employees in-
volved, 2,000,000.

Number of employees' depend-
ents affected (estimated), 8,000,-
000.

Number of railroads involved,
1,285.

Mileage of Railroads involved,
257,211.

Number of stockholders in
roads, 626,122.

Par value of capital stock of
railroads involved, \$8,638,286,892
Total monthly receipts of rail-
roads (April, 1916), \$280,987,306.
Total monthly expenses (April,
1916), \$189,923,465.

Amount roads say it would cost
to grant demands \$100,000,000.
Amount men say it would cost
\$25,000,000.

Total number of cars involved,
2,507,977.

Freight cars (approximate),
2,356,000.

Passenger cars (approximate),
55,7000.

Service cars 96,000.

Total number of locomotives
(approximate), 65,000.

Investment in railroads (ap-
proximate), \$17,000,000,000.

Bad to Have a Cold Hang On

Don't let your cold hang on, rack
your system and become chronic when
Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will help
you. It heals the inflammation, soothes
the cough and loosens the phlegm.
You breathe easier at once. Dr.
Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is a laxative
Tar Syrup, the pine tar balsam heals
the raw spots, loosens the mucus and
prevents irritation of the bronchial
tubes. Just get a bottle of Dr. Bell's
Pine-Tar-Honey today, its guaranteed
to help you. At druggists.

TWO NEW U-BOATS TO DEPART SHORTLY

Captain of Norwegian Steamer Re-
ports Passing a Submarine
in Mid Atlantic.

London, Aug. 16.—(5:15 p.m.)—
Two new Greenwich submarines
of very large size will depart
shortly for America, according
to a Central News dispatch from
the Hague. It is said these sub-
marines will have made trial trips
off Helgoland.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 16.—Cap-
tain Olson, of the Norwegian
steamer Alf, reported to the hy-
drographic office here today pass-
ing a submarine in mid Atlantic
in the lane from Norfolk to the
mouth of the English channel on
August 5. The German under-
water liner Deutschland passed
out of the Virginia capes on the
night of August 2, but hardly
could have gotten so far as the
position Captain Olsen reported
her on August 5.

Farm For Sale

74 acres 4 miles north of Ma-
rion on Crooked Creek, well fen-
ced, fairly good 2 room house,
new tobacco barn, 25 acres in clo-
ver and grass, some fruit, two
ponds and a spring, some timber
a bargain for cash.

W. D. Hunt, R. F. D. No. 4

Largest Lily Pond in America.

"Near the city of Washing-
ton," says the August Woman's
Home Companion, "is the large-
est commercial water-lily garden
in this country, and it is man-

aged by a woman, Mrs. Helen
Fowler.

"Mrs. Fowler ships twenty-
five hundred water lilies every
morning in midsummer, and se-
lects every flower herself, for
she can tell you just how many
times each tightly closed bud
will open, and she sends out
nothing but the freshest and the
best.

"At hybridizing, Mrs. Fowler
is an expert, and one of her new
varieties is a beautiful lily called
'Suffragette.'"

Program For Division I-Oak

Grove, August 25, 1916.

Opening exercises,
Devotional exercises.—Robert
Corley.

The Montessori Method.—Myr-
tle Morrell and Glenn Sullenger.
Reading.—Grace Hill.

The Gary, Ind., School Plan.—
Mary H. Finley.

Tell a Story.—Fleta LaRue.

Pig Clubs and Canning Clubs.—
J. R. Bird.

Teach The Association a New
Play.—Lecie LaRue.

Consolidated Schools.—Super-
intendent E. J. Travis.

County High Schools.—Hollis
Franklin.

Moon light Schools.—Raymond
Hunt and Miss Mary Moore.

Library Plans.—Misses Jennie
Clement and Ruth Melton.

Round Table Discussion of
Fair Plans.

Italians Capture Austrian Posi- tions And Over 2,000 Prisoners.

Rome, Aug. 23.—In the Mon-
falcone and Gorizia sectors the
Italians, pressing their offensive,
have driven the Austrians from
fortified positions, says the of-
ficial communication of Sunday.
More than 2,000 prisoners were
taken.

For Sale

Eight room house, in good re-
pair, large lot, good stable and
all necessary outbuildings. Plenty
of water and fruit. Adjoining
High School property. Will sell
cheap. G. R. Bibb, Marion,
Ky. 4t 83

Gone Are The Days

There was a time, when some
of us who are now in Frankfort
were in Louisville, when divorce
court news was handled conser-
vatively by Louisville newspa-
pers. It has been demonstrated
recently that those days are gone,
never to return, perhaps. The
press of Louisville has been
working the Carrier divorce suit
for columns today, although it
has not yet gotten into court.
The news has been squeezed
from the depositions and our
contemporaries in Cincinnati
could not have made more of
local divorce case involving "a
wad of money big enough to
choke a horse" than has been
made of it by our once boastfully
conservative contemporaries in
Louisville.

Well, times, and newspapers,

change. In these days when a
young man shows his respect for
women by paying an evening
call without his coat and smok-
ing cigarettes without asking
permission, possibly the press
may be excused for feeling no
longer the former hesitancy to
drag into print such personal
matters as the discussion be-
tween a man and his wife rela-
tive to desirability of children.—
Frankfort State Journal.

DAD TO HAVE A COLD HANG ON

Don't let your cold hang on, rack
your system and become chronic when
Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will help
you. It heals the inflammation, soothes
the cough and loosens the phlegm.
You breathe easier at once. Dr. Bell's
Pine-Tar-Honey is a laxative Tar Syrup
the pine tar balsam heals the raw
spots, loosens the mucus and prevents
irritation of the bronchial tubes. Just
get a bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine Tar-
Honey today, its guaranteed to help
you. At druggists.

Cake Like Mother Used to Make.

Sponge cake: Beat two eggs
until light, and add gradually,
while beating constantly, one
and one-third teaspoonfuls of
cream of tartar and one cupful
of sugar; then add one-half cupful
of scalded milk in which one
tablespoonful of butter is melted,
and one and one-eighth cupfuls
of bread flour mixed and sifted
with one-half teaspoonful of soda.
Bake in a buttered and floured
round cake tin forty-five min-
utes.—Woman's Home Compan-

Fair Warning

The cost of print paper has
doubled. We will accept renew-
als or new subscriptions at \$1.00
while our stock bought before
the advance; lasts but no papers
not paid for will be mailed.
The Crittenden Record-Press.

Unchecked is Mighty

Sweep of Russians.

London, Aug. 23.—The Rus-
sian drive in Galicia is pushing
the Teutons back toward Lem-
berg rapidly. Both flanks of
Von Bothmer's army are under
heavy pressure while the center
is believed none too secure. Pe-

trograd today reports new gains
for the northern wing on the
upper Serath while the thrust on
the southern wing is continuing
up the Dniester in the vicinity
of Mariampol. In the center
the Russians are pursuing the
Austrians in the middle Strips
and Kroopice regions.

The Strong Withstand the Heat of Summer Better Than the Weak

Old people who are feeble, and younger
people who are weak will be strengthened
and enabled to go through the depress-
ing heat of summer by taking regularly
Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It purifies
and enriches the blood and builds up
the whole system. 50c.

Nominees Chosen For

Kentucky Congressmen.

The nominees for Congress to be
voted for at the regular election, No-
vember 7th, next, are:

First District—Democratic.—Alben W.
Barkeley of Paducah; Republican, Geo.
P. Thomas, of Cadiz.

Second District—Democratic.—Da-
vid H. Kinchloe, of Madisonville; Re-
publican, W. T. Fowler, of Hopkins-
ville.

Third District—Democratic.—Robert
Y. Thomas, of Central City; Republi-
can, J. Frank Taylor, of Glasgow.

Fourth District—Democratic.—Ben
Johnson, of Bardstown; John P. Has-
well, of Hardinburg.

Fifth District—Democratic.—Swag-
gar Sherley, of Louisville; Republican,
W. C. Owens, of Louisville.

Sixth District—Democratic.—Arthur
W. Rouse, of Burlington; Republican,
John E. Shepherd, of Covington.

Seventh District—Democratic.—J.
Campbell Cantrill, of Georgetown; W.
J. Manby, of Lagrange.

Eighth District—Democratic.—Har-
vey Helm, of Stanford; Logan T. Neat,
of Columbia.

Ninth District—Democratic.—William
J. Fields, of Olive Hill, A. J. Penning-
ton, of Denton.

Tenth District—Democratic.—Willis
Staton, of Paintsville; John W. Lang-
ley, of Paintsville.

Eleventh District—Democratic.—S. B.
Dishman, of Barbourville; Caleb Pow-
ers, of Barbourville.

*Incumbents.

Those before whose names appear
an asterisk (*) are the present
members of Congress and it looks like
good betting that they will all be re-
elected—nine Democrats and two Re-
publicans.

Money Wanted

I can place a number of
small loans at 8 percent se-
cured by first mortgage.

Why not let me loan your
money for you. B. L. Yates

Fourteenth Annual
KENTUCKY State FAIR
LOUISVILLE September 11-16, 1916

WORLD'S GREATEST SADDLE HORSE SHOW
Daily Trotting, Pacing and Running Races

Grand Military Pageant and Athletic
Tournament.

Gleam and Classy Midway

Grand Fraternat Gathering for Friday of Fair Week

Free Auction Sale of Pure-Bred Livestock Thursday and
Friday

Reduced R. R. Rates—\$40,000 in Premiums

Address W. J. GOOCH, Secretary
Suite 604 Republic Bldg. Louisville, Kentucky

HUGHES' CHILL TONIC

(PALATABLE)

Better than Calomel and Quinine. "Contains no Arsenic."

THE OLD RELIABLE.

EXCELLENT GENERAL TONIC

As well as a Sure Remedy for Chills and Fevers, Malarial Fevers,
Swamp Fevers and Bilious Fevers. Just what you need at
this season.

**Mild Laxative, Nervous Se-
dative, Splendid Tonic.**

Guaranteed. Try it. Don't take any substitute. At Druggists,
50c. and \$1.00 Bottles.

PREPARED BY
ROBINSON-FETTET COMPANY,
INCORPORATED.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

FEDERAL INQUIRY IN WAGE DISPUTE

Railroad Managers Submit
Plans to Avoid Great Strike.

ARBITRATION IS OFFERED.

Agree to Refer Demands of Men For
More Pay to the Interstate Commerce
Commission or to Accept Settlement
Under Newlands Act.

New York.—The announcement that the strike vote which has been in progress among the train service employees of American railroads for the past several weeks has been completed, and that the final demands by the union leaders are soon to be presented to the railroad managers here, indicates that the public will soon know whether the controversy between the railroad workers and their employers is to be settled peaceably, or whether a nation-wide strike is to be inflicted upon the country.

Thus far the leaders of the four unions—the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen—have refused to consider any proposal for an arbitration of the questions in dispute, or for settlement of the controversy by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Would Cost \$100,000,000.

The demands of the train service men for an increase in wages, which, it is estimated, would cost the railroads of the country \$100,000,000 a year, were originally presented last March. At that time the representatives of the unions asked for a conference with a committee of railroad managers representing the various railroad lines of the country.

This conference began here in New York on June 1st, and continued for two weeks. The railroads were represented by a committee of nineteen managers, and the brotherhoods by the heads of their various national and local organizations—some eight hundred men in all.

Choice of Methods Offered.

The conference failed to reach a decision owing to the refusal of the union leaders to consider any modification of their demands, or any proposal for arbitration. At the conclusion of the meetings the railroad managers submitted a proposal to refer the whole question to the Interstate Commerce Commission, or to arbitration under the provision of the federal statute covering this matter.

The alternative suggestions which they advanced for adjusting the controversy were as follows:

"1. Preferably by submission to the Interstate Commerce Commission, the only tribunal which, by reason of its accumulated information bearing on railway conditions and its control of the revenues of the railways, is in a position to consider and protect the rights and equities of all the interests affected, and to provide additional revenue necessary to meet the added cost of operation in case your proposals are found by the Commission to be just and reasonable; or, in the event the Interstate Commerce Commission cannot, under existing laws, act in the premises, that we jointly request Congress to take such action as may be necessary to enable the Commission to consider and promptly dispose of the questions involved; or

"2. By arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Federal law, entitled, 'An Act Providing for Mediation, Conciliation and Arbitration in Controversies between Certain Employers and their Employees,' approved July 15, 1913, and commonly known as the Newlands Act."

Unions Refuse Offer.

The union leaders declined to consider the suggestion of the railroad managers, and announced that they would seek a vote of the members of the unions asking that they be given authority to declare a strike on all the railroad lines of the country. This strike vote has been in progress for the past six weeks, and, according to reports which have been received here from time to time, will result in giving the four union leaders the authority which they asked for to halt every railroad train from one end of the country to the other.

Meanwhile a resolution has been introduced into Congress at the request of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate the whole question of railway wages and their relation to railway earnings. The commercial interests, the newspapers, and public men of the nation have gone on record as demanding that the dispute be settled peaceably.

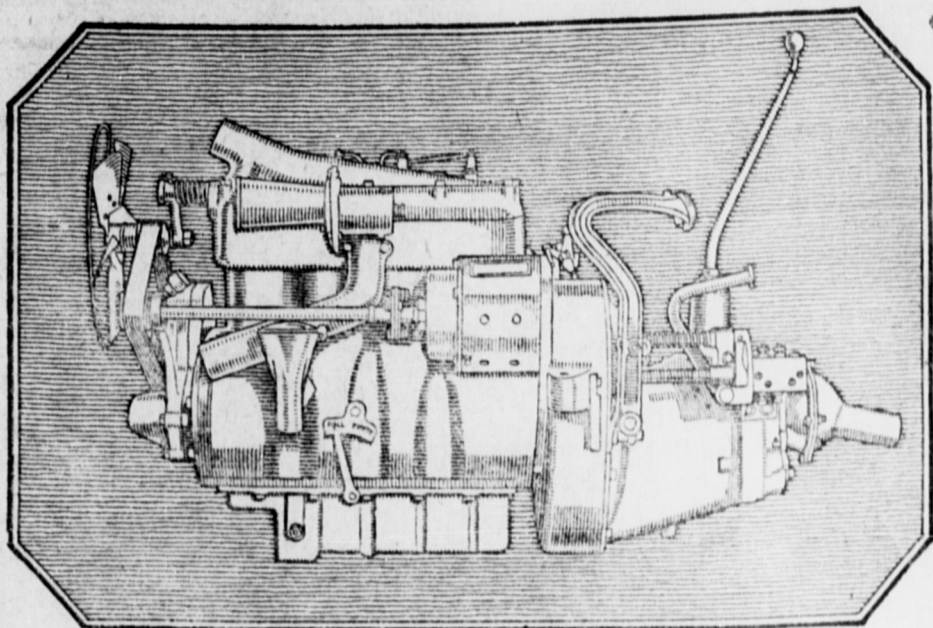
What the Public Pays.

Out of every dollar the public pays the railroads for transportation the railroad employees receive 44 cents. The traveler who spends \$100 a year for his tickets is paying \$44 for railroad labor. The merchant whose freight bills amount to \$1,000 contributes \$440 to the railroad payroll. The merchant gets the money from his customers in the prices he charges for his wares. The public pays every dollar of the railroad bill.

33⁴/₅

Horse Power

From This Powerful MAXWELL ENGINE



Almost 34 horse-power from this regular stock Maxwell engine!

34 actual, brake horse-power!

Proved by an accurate dynamometer test, made in the Maxwell laboratories August 10, 1916.

There has been a lot of talk about horse-power, and we just want to let Maxwell owners and prospective owners know that in respect to horse-power, as in most other respects, the Maxwell leads by a comfortable margin. Not that we attach such great importance to horse-power. We don't. We never have.

Horse-power—abundant horse-power—is only one of many superior features of the Maxwell.

We are selling motor cars—complete motor cars—not engines or horse-power.

Horse-power is a matter that is secondary to motor efficiency and economy.

A giant has no advantage if he does not

apply, or wrongly applies, his strength.

Maxwell cars have horse-power—all you want or need—probably more per pound of car weight than any other automobile in the world.

But we don't make any loud cry about it.

Because we have more than horse-power to sell you.

Because you are, and should be, interested in results, the net effectiveness of power.

We challenge competitive tests. We invite comparison.

Because we absolutely know that no car of its class or weight can surpass the Maxwell on speedways, on rough roads, through sand or mud, anywhere.

And because we know, and you will know, that, everything considered, the Maxwell is the World's Greatest Motor Car Value!

T. H. COCHRAN & CO., Marion, Ky.

Maxwell \$595

On Account Of The War

(New York Sun)

John Brown cannot pay the money he owes.

"On account of the war."

The cook wants ten dollars a week or she goes.

"On account of the war."

The baker reduces the weight of his bread.

The butcher sends steaks that could muster as lead.

The tailors wool suits are of shod-

dy instead.

"On account of the war."

The tinner can't patch up my roof where it leaks.

"On account of the war."

The car that I bought will not come for six weeks.

"On account of the war."

The cost of my shoes mounts each time that I buy.

The prices on drugs are prodigiously high.

But when I demur I receive the

reply.

"On account of the war."

And what can I do when they airily say,

"On account of the war."

What else can I do but obligingly pay.

"On account of the war."

Yet often I wonder what some folks will do.

When all of the world with its warfare is through.

And they can no longer pass by in review:

"On account of the war."

The active and spirited discussions brought about by a lively

general interest make it worth while to attend this school.

This institution is under a discipline that makes it in all respects one of the best little schools in the State for Seventh-Grade and Eighth-Grade students.

In order to get the best results possible, students should enter the first day of school. Nothing

more important.

J. Y. BROWN,

Prin. M. & F. Academy.

Alfalfa Flour.

Alfalfa flour is now mixed with wheat flour and made into bread. It costs less and has greater food value than ordinary wheat flour. Most people don't like it, but perhaps we can get used to it just as we force our stock to eat sweet clover.

United States Battleship Vermont

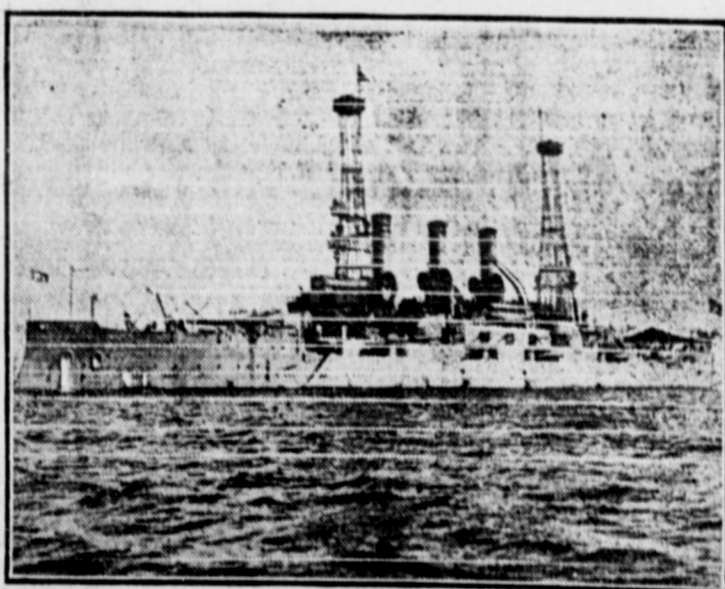


Photo by American Press Association.

The Vermont, one of the older battleships, is a 16,000-ton warship, 456.3 feet long. Her principal ordnance is four twelve-inch guns, and vessel and guns are served by 856 officers and men.

M & F. Academy

Providence, Ky.

The M. & F. Academy will open on Monday, August 28, and continue nine months.

For years it has been our constant aim and effort to make this institution one of the most desirable in Western Kentucky, and we believe we have succeeded in so doing.

The general plan of the year's work is such that students may pursue all the branches belonging to the work of the Eighth Grade, in the time allotted, without being compelled to pursue more than six studies at a time. Students are thrown on their own resources and taught in a way to inspire self-confidence.

United States Can Build Adequate Navy in Year if Necessary

By JOHN SHARP WILLIAMS
UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM MISSISSIPPI

This government, great and rich and abundant in wealth, in ingenuity, in industrialism, in enterprise, can, if it wishes to do so, build 12 dreadnaughts and 20 battle cruisers and 100 submarines and the adequate number of transports and auxiliaries in a single year.

When this country had a third of its present population, at the outbreak of the Civil war, and did not have one-twentieth of its present wealth and great industrial establishments, when the federal government was put to it, it did in the way of naval preparation in one year what everybody had prophesied could not be done in ten years; and we can do it again.

Every shipyard in this country, private and public, ought to be put to work building ships of the several types, so that at the end of the war much longer than two years more without universal bankruptcy—we shall be ready not to whip on land any force which may be sent against us, but to sink at sea any force that may be started against us.